



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
REGION VI-WESTERN VISAYAS
PROVINCE OF ILOILO
MUNICIPALITY OF TIGBAUAN

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE CY 2026 – 2nd REGULAR SESSION OF THE HONORABLE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN, TIGBAUAN, ILOILO HELD AT THE S.B. SESSION HALL, TIGBAUAN MUNICIPAL BUILDING ON JANUARY 14, 2026 AT 9:50 IN THE MORNING

PRESENT:

HON. LUGEN T. ORTILANO,	-	Vice Mayor & Presiding Officer
HON. MARLON R. TERUÑEZ	-	SB Member & Temp. Presiding Officer
HON. PINKY A. JARINA	-	SB Member
HON. GENE ROSE C. CANAYA	-	SB Member
HON. ADRIAN S. CAMPOSAGRADO	-	SB Member
HON. JOEL L. SAYSON	-	SB Member
HON. NORA ROSE T. TUBIANO	-	SB Member
HON. REYNALDO E. TUMABOTABO	-	SB Member
HON. NORBERTO T. TURALBA	-	SB Member
HON. LORNA T. DOMINGO	-	Liga President
HON. JULIANA MARIE T. JULATON	-	SKMF President

ABSENT: NONE

Municipal Ordinance No. 2026-001

AN ORDINANCE REVISING THE PEACE AND ORDER AND PUBLIC SAFETY (POPS) CODE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF TIGBAUAN, PROVINCE OF ILOILO

Introduced by: Hon. Marlon R. Teruñez
Moved by: Hon. Joel L. Sayson
Sponsored by: The Committee on Peace & Order and Public Safety
Chairperson: Hon. Marlon R. Teruñez
Vice Chairperson: Hon. Joel L. Sayson
Members: Hon. Nora Rose Tubiano, Hon. Reynaldo E. Tumabotabo and Hon. Norberto T. Turalba
Seconded by: Hon. Pinky A. Atadero, Hon. Gene Rose C. Canaya, Hon. Adrian S. Camposagrado, Hon. Nora Rose T. Tubiano, Hon. Reynaldo E. Tumabotabo, Hon. Norberto T. Turalba, Hon. Lorna T. Domingo and Hon. Juliana Marie T. Julaton

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF TIGBAUAN IN SESSION ASSEMBLED:

CHAPTER I

TITLE, POLICIES, PRINCIPLES AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

SECTION 1. Title. This ordinance shall be known as “An Ordinance Revising The Peace and Order and Public Safety Code of the Municipality of Tigbauan” also known as the “Tigbauan Peace and Order and Public Safety Code [Tigbauan POPS Code].”

SECTION 2. Statement of Policies. This Code is a legal and policy framework for a holistic management approach on Peace and Order and Public Safety of the Local Government Unit. It is consistent with the Constitutional Mandate through delegated legislative measures and reforms that can facilitate the effective implementation of Peace and Order and Public Safety Policies. The ultimate purpose of this Code therefore is the promotion of the General Welfare as embodied in Section 16 of Republic Act No. 7160 or otherwise known as the Local Government Code of 1991.

SECTION 3. Management Direction. It shall be the policy of the Municipality of Tigbauan to ensure, for the benefit of its people both in the present and the future generations, the effective “exercise of the powers expressly granted, those necessarily implied therefrom, as well as powers necessary, appropriate or incidental for efficient governance, and those which are essential to the promotion of the general welfare. Within their territorial jurisdictions, local government unit shall ensure and support, among other things,

promote health and safety, improve public morals, enhance economic prosperity and social justice, maintain peace and order, and preserve the comfort and convenience of their inhabitants.”

SECTION 4. Definition of Terms. The terms used in this Tigbauan POPS Code are defined as follow:

- a. **Big firecrackers** – shall include Bilong-bilong, Sapsap, Super Lolo, Kamara and firecrackers of similar kind containing not more than 5 grams of explosive powder.
- b. **Bladed, Pointed or Blunt Weapon** – refers to weapon, device or instrument with deadly character or can inflict fatal injury such as knife, bolo, fan knife, kris, samurai, ice-pick, brass knuckles, buckle knife and the likes.
- c. **Child Sexual Abuse and Exploitation Material or Child Sexual Abuse Material (CSAEM or CSAM)** - shall refer to photos, images, videos, recordings, streams, or any other representation or form of media, depicting acts of sexual abuse and exploitation of a child or representation of a child as a sexual object, whether or not generated digitally or by, through, and with the use of information and communications technology. It shall also include materials that focus on real or simulated genitalia or other private body parts of a child;
- d. **Close-circuit Television [CCTV] Surveillance System** - a digital surveillance system including cameras, cabling, monitors and digital video recorders (DVRs), in which signals are not publicly distributed but are monitored, primarily for surveillance and security purposes.
- e. **Cockfighting** – is the sport of pitting or evenly matching of gamecocks to engage in an actual fight where bets on either side are laid.
- f. **Derby** - is an invitational cockfight participated in by game cockers or cockfighting "aficionados" of the Philippines with "pot money" awarded to the proclaimed winning entry.
- g. **Designated firecracker and pyrotechnic devices zones** – refer to place where residents are allowed to use their firecrackers/pyrotechnic devices, specially on Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve;
- h. **Designated Smoking/Vaping Area (DSVA)**- shall refer to an area of a building or conveyance where smoking and vaping may be allowed, which may be in an open space or separate area with proper ventilation subject to the specific standards provided for under Executive Order No. 106 series of 2020;
- i. **Electronic Nicotine/Non-Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS/ ENNDS)**- otherwise known as electronic cigarettes or vapes, shall refer to e-liquids, solutions or refills, whether or not containing nicotine, and an electronic delivery device, or any combination thereof, that produce an aerosol, mist or vapor that users inhale by mimicking the act of smoking. ENDS/ENNDS deliver nicotine and/or other chemicals to the lungs after one end of a plastic or metal cylinder is placed in the mouth, like a cigarette or cigar, and inhaled to draw a mixture of air and vapors from the device into the respiratory system. They contain electronic vaporization systems, rechargeable batteries and chargers, electronic controls and replaceable cartridges containing nicotine and/or other chemicals. For the avoidance of doubt, the term ENDS/ENNDS is coextensive with the term "vapor products" as defined in RA No. 11467;
- j. **Emergency** - is a situation that poses an immediate risk to health, life, property, or environment.
- k. **Executive-Legislative Agenda (ELA)** - It is an integrated plan that contains the major development thrusts and priorities of both the executive and legislative branches towards a common vision for the locality. The items for inclusion in the ELA are proposed and decided in the LLEDAC based on the results of public or stakeholder consultations.
- l. **Fire Hazard** - Any condition or act which increases or may increase in the probability of the occurrence of fire, or which may obstruct, delay, hinder or interfere with fire fighting operation and safeguarding of life and property.
- m. **Imminent Danger** - means immediate threats of harm.
- n. **Internet Shop** - a place which provides internet access to the public, usually for a fee. The fee for using computer is usually charged as time-based rate.
- o. **Mendicant**- shall refer to any person who has no visible and legal means of support or lawful employment and who is physically able to work but neglects to apply himself to some lawful calling and instead uses begging as means of living;
- p. **Open Flame (Cooking) devices** – are defined as candles, torches, butane burners or any other flame producing device. The use of unmanned, free floating sky lanterns and similar devices utilizing an **open flame** are prohibited from use on or launch from University buildings, property or land.
- q. **Pre-Emptive or Forced Evacuation** - An order from competent authority to forcibly evacuate residents of Barangay to an appropriate evacuation destination to protect their lives during the onslaught of disaster.
- r. **Professionalization**- a social process by which any trade or occupation transforms itself into a true "profession of the highest integrity and competence." Professionalization tends to result in establishing acceptable qualifications, one or more professional associations to recommend best practice and to oversee the conduct of members of the profession, and some degree of demarcation of the qualified from unqualified amateurs (that is, professional certification)
- s. **Pornography** - shall refer to any representation through publication, exhibition, cinematography, indecent shows, information technology, or by whatever means, of a person engaged in real or simulated explicit sexual activities or any representation of the sexual parts of a person primarily for sexual purposes: Provided, That when a child is involved, the material shall be considered child sexual abuse and exploitation material as defined under paragraph (m) of Republic Act No. 11862.

- t. **Prostitution** - shall refer to any act, transaction, scheme or design involving the use of a person by another, for sexual intercourse or lascivious conduct in exchange for money, profit or any other consideration;
- u. **Trafficking in Persons** - shall refer to the recruitment, obtaining, hiring, providing, offering, transportation, transfer, maintaining, harboring, or receipt of persons with or without the victim's consent or knowledge, within or across national borders by means of threat, or use of force, or other forms of coercion, abduction, fraud, deception, abuse of power or of position, taking advantage of the vulnerability of the person, or, the giving or receiving of payments or benefits to achieve the consent of a person having control over another person, for the purpose of exploitation which includes at a minimum, the exploitation or the prostitution of others, or the engagement of others for the production or distribution, or both, of materials that depict child sexual abuse or exploitation, or other forms of sexual exploitation, forced labor or services, slavery, servitude, or the removal or sale of organs;
- v. **Public Activity** - refers to affair or occasion sponsored by a government agency or by private entity whether for profit or not of which the public is permitted to watch or participate such as but not limited to benefit dance, jam session, sports tournament and food festival.
- w. **Public Facility** - can be any facility, including, but not limited to, buildings, property, recreation areas, and roads, which are owned, leased, or otherwise operated, or funded by a governmental body or public entity.
- x. **Public Place** - means as area to which the public has access or in which the public is permitted, including a publicly-owned building or office, and enclosed areas available to and customarily used by the general public in businesses including public transportation facilities and nonprofit entities patronized by the public.
- y. **Recidivism** - shall refer to a person's relapse into criminal behavior, often after the person receives sanctions or undergoes intervention for a previous crime;
- z. **Reformation** - shall refer to the rehabilitation component of the Bureau of Corrections' present corrections system. It shall refer to the acts that ensure the public (including families of inmates and their victims) that released national inmates are no longer harmful to the community by becoming reformed individuals prepared to live a normal and productive life upon reintegration to the mainstream society;
- aa. **Vapor Product System** - also referred to as electronic nicotine or non-nicotine delivery systems, shall refer to the specific combination consisting of the Vapor Product Refill and Vapor Product Device which, based on the information made available to the consumer by the provider, are intended to be used together; and
- bb. **Vaporized Nicotine or Non-Nicotine Products** - shall refer to both Heated Tobacco Products and Vapor Products, as defined herein, which are novel consumer goods that generate a nicotine-containing or non-nicotine-containing aerosol without combustion.
- cc. **Barangay roads** - refers to minor/tertiary roads, streets, and alleys under the management of barangay, and
- dd. other roads officially turnover to the barangay.
- ee. **Municipal roads** - refer to roads which provide inter-barangay connection to major municipal infrastructure and those which connect barangay roads to provincial/national roads.
- ff. **National roads** - refers to road which directly connect provinces, major cities and metropolitan areas, and is under the management of national government agencies.
- gg. **Provincial roads** - to road which connect component municipalities in the province, and is under the management of the provincial government.
- hh. **Road Clearing operations** refer to the act of removing or causing obstructions or encroachments to the road.
- ii. **A bomb threat** is a verbal or written threat made with the intention of causing harm by means of an explosive device. It is essential to take bomb threats seriously, as the consequences can be catastrophic if an explosive device is present. Bomb threats can come in various forms, including phone calls, emails, letters, or even in-person threats.
- jj. **Body Number**- a metal number plate attached to the forward roof of a registered tricycle, pedicab, or e-bike for hire;
- kk. **Crowded Streets**- streets closely bordered by habitation, with blind curves, and with medium to heavy traffic;
- ll. **Driver's License Card**- the card issued by the Land Transportation Office (LTO);
- mm. **Driver's Permit Card**- the card issued by the Office of the Municipal Mayor;
- nn. **Driver's Professionalism Program (DPP)**- a required seminar for drivers of tricycles, pedicabs, and e-bikes for hire;
- oo. **E-Bike**- a convertible battery-operated and manually pedaled bicycle;
- pp. **E-Trike**- an e-bike attached with a sidecar or case and used for hire;
- qq. **Loading**- the act of picking up passengers or cargoes, not exceeding five (5) minutes for cargoes and two (2) minutes for passengers, unless they are senior citizens, PWDs, or pregnant women;
- rr. **Loading Area** - a designated place where public utility vehicles (PUVs) may temporarily stop to allow passengers to board or alight;
- ss. **Municipal Streets** - streets closely bordered by habitation, with blind corners, and with light traffic;
- tt. **Obstructing Materials/Articles** - any stockpile, parked vehicles, or materials (e.g., sand, gravel, wood, bamboo, grain drying implements, or similar items) that obstruct traffic flow;
- uu. **Overloading** - loading beyond the designated capacity of a vehicle;

- vv. Overtaking - the act of going beyond or passing another moving vehicle;
- ww. Over Speeding- driving beyond the designated speed limit in a particular area or zone;
- xx. Parked Vehicle - a vehicle with its engine off or not in motion, including those parked in designated parking areas or under repair on streets (except those loading or unloading);
- yy. Plate Number- a metal number plate issued for registered pedicabs and e-bikes;
- zz. Poblacion Area - composed of nine (9) barangays, bounded by the national highway in Barangays Namocan, Parara, and Bagumbayan;
- aaa. Poblacion Streets - municipal streets or national highways within the Poblacion Area;
- bbb. Private Vehicle - a motorized or non-motorized vehicle not classified as a public utility vehicle;
- ccc. Public Utility Vehicle (PUV) - any motor vehicle with four (4) or more wheels used to transport passengers for a fee;
- ddd. School Zones - areas within fifty (50) meters before and after the frontage of a school's main building along any road or highway;
- eee. Temporary Citation Ticket (TCT)- the citation issued for traffic violations;
- fff. Terminal Area - a designated area where PUVs and vehicles for hire are stationed;
- ggg. Traffic- the movement of vehicles on a road or highway;
- hhh. Transportation - the system or means of conveying people or goods from place to place by vehicle;
- iii. Tricycle-for-Hire - a motorcycle fitted with a sidecar or case used to transport light cargo or passengers for a fee;
- jjj. Trisikad/Pedicab - a vehicle powered by muscular power, having an attached sidecar with one or two tires, used for transporting passengers or light cargo for a fee;
- kkk. Through Streets- streets closely bordered by habitation with clear and continuous traffic flow;
- lll. Unloading - the act of discharging passengers or cargoes, not exceeding five (5) minutes for cargoes and two (2) minutes for passengers, unless they are senior citizens, PWDs, or pregnant women;
- mmm. Unloading Area - a designated place for passengers to alight;
- nnn. Vehicle - any motorized or non-motorized conveyance for public or private use.

CHAPTER II

PUBLIC SAFETY DURING LOCAL CELEBRATIONS

SECTION 5. There shall be adopted safety precautionary measures that shall guarantee the protection and preservation of lives of inhabitants during local celebrations such as festivals, fiesta, fairs, carnivals, parades, processions, sports leagues and similar assemblies/activities.

SECTION 6. Any group or organization intending to hold any celebration in the municipality or in any of its barangays shall coordinate with the local government unit concerned in the observance of the following policies and guidelines:

- On Road and Water Safety there shall be:
 1. A repair of path holes and diggings and other excavations before the actual festivity/ies;
 2. Clearing of sidewalks from obstruction;
 3. Designation of specific areas for ambulant vendors;
 4. Installation of appropriate traffic signs and enforcement of traffic ordinance;
 5. Proper placement of streamers, buntings and other materials installed in alleys and roadways;
 6. Checking of the seaworthiness of bancas and other transport crafts;
 7. Clearing of the river of obstruction like water lilies, garbage and other debris;
 8. Monitoring of the loading capacity of watercraft vessels to ensure safety of passengers;
 9. Use of steel barges towed by tugboats in fluvial parades.
- On Review of Designs of Floats, Platforms, Towers, Stages and Pagodas there shall be:
 1. Inspection for structural soundness and safety;
 2. Proper enforcement of maximum load capacities.
- On Electrical Installation and other Makeshift Connections for Lighting and Sound System there shall be:
 1. Installation for electrical wirings for floats, platforms, towers, stages and sound system shall be supervised by a licensed electrician to ensure that no incidence of electric shocks or fires will occur.
 2. Combustible decorative materials should not be combined with electric bulbs, nor should balloons be inflated or used as decorations near electric light bulbs or lighted candles.
- On Handling Firecrackers and Pyrotechnic Displays there shall be:
 1. Proper regulations on the use of firecrackers during festivals, fiestas, and other similar celebrations;
 2. Handling of firecrackers shall only be done by authorized persons during celebrations;

3. Persons handling firecrackers shall be prohibited to board bancas/boats participating in fluvial parades;
 4. Place(s) shall be designated where pyrotechnic materials will be exploded during celebrations.
- On Fire Safety and Readiness to Respond to Emergencies there shall be:
 1. Fire trucks and/or other firefighting equipment including local paramedic teams shall be on full alert status during celebrations.
 - On Medical and First Aid Teams there shall be:
 1. Assigned medical station in proper designated places in the locality;
 2. Fielding the first aid teams/personnel knowledgeable on the application of Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) and similar techniques including the application of first aid to take care of fractures and wounds;
 3. Availability of medical vehicles assigned to transport accidents victims from accident site to designated medical station, health clinics, centers or nearest hospitals
 - On Sanitation and Hygiene Equipment there shall be:
 1. Supervision by local sanitary inspectors of makeshifts/temporary eating places, e.g., carinderias, turo-turo catering to the people;
 2. Provision on latrines/portable restrooms including garbage and trash receptacles on strategic places in the locality;
 3. Cleaning/Clearing of clogged drainage and sewers to prevent the breeding of rodents or harmful insects such as mosquitoes, cockroaches, etc.
 - On Crime and Criminal Elements there shall be:
 1. Fielding of crowd control personnel or marshals to avoid the incidence of panic and stampedes during shows and exhibitions;
 2. Assigning of police personnel to be on the lookout for criminal elements such as pickpockets, drug pushers/users.

On sports league

All organized sports activities within the municipality must be:

1. Equipped with first aid kit and with assigned first aid personnel.
2. All players shall submit a health clearance/waiver before the conduct of the sports league.

CHAPTER III

PUBLIC SAFETY DURING THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC ASSEMBLY

SECTION 7. The right of peaceful assembly shall be recognized. No restrictions may be placed on the exercise of this right other than those imposed in conformity with the law and which are necessary in a democratic society in the interest of municipal security or public safety, public order, the protection of public health or morals or the protection of the rights and freedoms of others.

SECTION 8. Designation of Freedom Park. The Municipal Plaza is hereby designated as Freedom Park. A permit for the use of such place, and not for the assembly itself, may be validly required.

SECTION 9. Regulated Acts.

- a. No public assembly or gathering shall be conducted/organized using public plaza or thoroughfares without a valid permit from the Mayor's Office.
- b. It should be the duty and responsibility of the leader/s and organizers to notify in writing the Municipal Government or proper authorities concerned five (5) working days before the scheduled date regarding their lawful purpose and shall be held responsible for the maintenance of peace and order as well as cleanliness and sanitation of the park/plaza.

SECTION 10. Responsibility of Leaders and Organizers – it shall be the duty and responsibility of the leaders and organizers to notify the proper authorities concerned of their lawful purpose and shall be responsible for maintaining peace and order.

SECTION 11. The following shall constitute violations:

- a. Carrying deadly weapons or devices.
- b. The malicious burning of any object which shall cause damage to the park/plaza or intentionally/maliciously print or put any writing on the floor or on the wall by the use of paints and the like which will destroy the former appearance of the park/plaza.

- c. Failure on the part of the assembly to observe cleanliness after leaving the park/plaza.

CHAPTER IV

REGULATION ON THE USE OF PUBLIC LAND, PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

SECTION 12. The Sangguniang Bayan of this municipality shall regulate activities relative to the use of land, buildings and structures in order to promote the general welfare.

SECTION 13. Regulated Acts.

- a. Any group of persons or organizations who want to use Public Facilities and/or Buildings should apply for a permit at least one week before the scheduled date of activities to avoid conflict. "First Come, First Serve Basis" is to be applied.
- b. Application form for the use of the Public Facilities and/or Buildings shall be secured in the Mayor's Office.
- c. The applicant shall pay a regulatory fee to the Municipal Treasurer with corresponding receipts and forward it to the Mayor's Office for approval.

SECTION 14. Exemptions.

All programs or activities conducted by educational, religious and government institutions for the public shall be exempted from the payment of the fee imposed by the Municipal Revenue Code provided, that the corresponding Mayor's Permit shall be secured accordingly. Programs or activities requiring admission fees for attendance shall be subject to the fees imposed even if they are conducted by exempt entities.

SECTION 15. Regulating the use of Tigbauan Sports Arena

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- a. The Tigbauan Sports Arena is for the people of Tigbauan.
 - b. Students or any group of people shall use the covered gym provided they abide with the rules and regulations set by the management.
 - c. Any person or entity who wants to use the covered gym shall apply for a permit from the Office of the Mayor at least one (1) week before the scheduled date. The principle of "First Come First Serve Basis" shall be applied, except when there is an urgent need thereof.
 - d. Cleanliness, orderliness and sanitation must be strictly observed in the covered gym and its surrounding.

SECTION 16. Exemptions.

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- a. All students, teams or groups of players are free to use the Tigbauan Sports Arena provided they don't go beyond the time schedule and they maintain the cleanliness of the place.
 - b. All schools of Tigbauan, whether public or private and all programs of organizations or activities approved by the Office of the Mayor provided proper arrangement with the caretaker is done at least three days before the scheduled date.
 - c. All accredited CSOs conducting no registration fee/non-fundraising activities.
 - d. Any program or activity initiated by the LGU of Tigbauan.
 - e. Sangguniang Kabataan Municipal Federation [SKMF] activities.

SECTION 17. Use of Various Public-owned Utilities and Facilities.

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- a. No person shall use any public roads, sidewalks, alleys, lanes or parts thereof, for purposes of bathing, laundering or washing of clothes or other similar purposes.
 - b. No person shall use and/or occupy any sidewalk or alley or portion thereof, which is owned by the Municipality, in connection with any construction works or other allowable purposes, without securing a permit thereof from the Mayor and paying the corresponding permit fee imposed under existing Revenue Code.
 - c. No person shall use any portion of any public roads, parks or plaza for the drying of whatever kind of cereals, buri palms or drying of palay or for other similar purposes, without prior permission from proper authorities.
 - d. The drying of palay alongside of the public roads will be allowed during harvest season provided it will not constitute obstructions on the flow of traffic to ensure public safety.
 - e. No person, natural or juridical, shall construct or cause the construction of any kind of hump, or place any kind of protuberance, on any public road.

CHAPTER V

ROAD CLEARING

SECTION 18. Road Clearing – There shall be established a road clearing operation on illegal structures, illegal parked vehicles and other similar obstructions on barangay, municipal, provincial and **national** roads within the territorial jurisdiction of the municipality.

SECTION 19. Towing and Impounding - vehicles parked or abandoned on barangay, municipal, provincial, and national roads where they cause an obstruction and pose high risks to the public shall be towed and impounded.

SECTION 20. Task Force on Road Clearing shall implement the provision of this Code and its composition:

Chairman: MLGOO

Members Traffic Officer

 PNP

 BFP

 Municipal Engineer

 General Service Officer

20.1 Responsibilities of LGUs

20.1.1 All municipal governments shall:

- 20.1.1.1. Enact the road clearing ordinance.
- 20.1.1.2. Conduct regular road clearing operations in municipal roads in the enforcement/implementation of the aforementioned road clearing executive order.
- 20.1.1.3 Supervise component barangays to ensure their compliance with the directives outlined herein.

20.2 All barangays shall:

- 20.2.1 Conduct regular road clearing operations in all barangay roads and implement policies for the efficient use of the same, such as the enforcement of no parking, one side parking, or other similar strategies, in accordance with this ordinance duly enacted by the Sangguniang Bayan;

SECTION 21. Enactment of Road Clearing Operations

21.1. Pursuant to Sections 447(a)(5-vi) and 458(a)(5-vi) of the Local Government Code of 1991, all city and municipal governments, through the Sangguniang Panglungsod or Sangguniang Bayan are directed to enact a road clearing ordinance which shall provide the following at the minimum;

- 21.1.1 A definition or enumeration of prohibited road obstructions or encroachments;
- 21.1.2. Procedure/process of giving due notice to violators;
- 21.1.3. Reasonable penalties imposed on violators; and
- 21.1.4. Awareness -raising and grievance mechanisms.

21.2. The Sangguniang Bayan may also include the following in their road clearing ordinance:

- 21.2.1. A displacement strategy for those affected, such as the provision of alternative parking spaces, transfer of vendors to authorized vending sites, and resettlement or referral of homeless persons/occupants of obstructing shanties to the appropriate national government agency; and
- 21.2.2. Rehabilitation strategies for reclaimed roads, such as cleaning, *greening, and installation of street lights.*
- 21.2.3. The Sangguniang Bayan have the option to enact an entirely new

road clearing ordinance or to integrate the above-mentioned provisions with their existing roads/traffic management codes or ordinances.

SECTION 22. Conduct of Road Clearing Operations

- 22.1. Local government are directed to conduct regular road clearing operations in all local roads under their jurisdiction.
- 22.2 LGUs may also conduct road clearing operations in national roads, which shall be undertaken in coordination with the national government agency concerned with the management of the said road, such as the Department of Public Works and Highways (DPWH), and the Department of Transportation (DOTr)
- 22.3 Road clearing operations shall be conducted on the existing road right-of-way, which shall include the sidewalk, road shoulders, and the travelway.
- 22.4 No encroachment or obstruction which are part of any building or permanent structure may be removed without due notice to the owner thereof;
- 22.6 To ensure the continued conveyance of electricity, no electric pole shall removed by LGUs without due coordination with the operator/owner thereof;
 - 22.6.1 Obstructing electric poles may only be relocated following proper arrangement with the operator/owner of the said pole;
 - 22.6.2 In cases where the obstruction caused by the electric pole poses imminent danger, the LGU concerned shall ensure that warning is provided to oncoming motorista and pedestrians pending the pole's relocation;
- 22.7 Obstructing trees maybe removed by the LGUs in accordance with the rules and requirements imposed by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources;

SECTION 23: Role of the PNP and the BFP

- 23.1. Local operating units of the Philippine National Police (PNP) and the Bureau of Fire Protection are directed to provide the necessary support to LGUs in their implementation of road clearing.

CHAPTER VI

CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION [CCTV] INSTALLATION IN PUBLIC FACILITIES AND IN PRIVATE BUILDINGS

SECTION 24. The following business establishments are required to install CCTVs in Private establishments:

- a. Banks, financial institutions, pawnshops, money lenders, money remittance, money changers, and the like;
- b. Business establishment that are part of a national chain or have several branches in other parts of the country, such as restaurants/fast food chains, 24-hour convenience stores, drug stores, remittance centers and the like;
- c. Shopping malls and centers, supermarkets, hospitals and medical facilities, ports, public transport terminals, licensed cockpits, places of entertainment such as videoke bars, beer joints, games and amusement centers and the like which draw a considerable number of customers/patrons;
- d. Car and motorcycle dealerships, gasoline/fuel refilling/service stations;
- e. Hotels, resorts, tourist inns, apartelles, pension houses and other accommodation establishments;
- f. Internet shops with not less than ten (10) computer units;
- g. All other business establishment operating with not less than Three Hundred Thousand (P300,000.00) Pesos worth of goods and merchandise shall install at least one (1) CCTV Camera;
- h. Other business establishments which the Sanggunian deems proper considering the nature of business and potential risk in their respective areas.
- i. Subject to availability of fund, government establishments such as Municipal Hall, Barangay Halls and Plazas, public educational institutions are strongly enjoined to comply with the provisions.

SECTION 25: The following public roads and facilities are required to install CCTVs

- a. All Barangays are required to install CCTVs along the public roads, plaza, building and other public facilities.

SECTION 26: Prohibition. The viewing of recorded or captured video footage of images shall be made with due respect to the privacy of individuals. It shall be unlawful for any person to allow the unauthorized or unofficial public use or public viewing of any saved video-recorded from a CCTV.

SECTION 27. Owners of business establishments shall give the duly authorized local authorities or police access to the CCTV recordings or video tape/footage if the occasion warrants, provided that the assigned officer or person in authority must show the written authority issued to him for that matter.

CHAPTER VII

PUBLIC SAFETY DURING COVID- 19 PANDEMIC AND OTHER EMERGING AND RE-EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASES

SECTION 28. Mandatory Social/ Physical Distancing in public and private places. There shall be at least one and a half meter (1.5 m.) radius distance between or among individual persons within public and private establishments, educational institutions, churches, places of work, public markets, commercial establishments and other public places located within the Municipality of Tigbauan.

SECTION 29. Mandatory Social/ Physical Distancing in public transportations. Public Utilities and Transportation shall observe social distancing among their commuters. Public Utility Vehicles, Tricycles, Motorbikes shall carry passengers in such a way that precautionary measures have been installed to prevent the spread of the disease. Trisikads shall carry only one passenger.

SECTION 30. Wearing of Face Mask and Face Shield is mandatory while riding in public transportation.

SECTION 31. Wearing of Face Mask shall be mandatory in all public places such as, but not limited to, public market, commercial establishments, public plaza, churches, restaurants, places of entertainment, work places, government offices, schools, streets and similar places.

SECTION 32. The Conduct of Social Gathering shall be regulated.

CHAPTER VIII

PUBLIC SAFETY DURING PRE-EMPTIVE OR FORCED EVACUATION

SECTION 33. The Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council [MDRRMC] shall evaluate the situation for the conduct of Pre-emptive or Forced Evacuation.

SECTION 34. There shall be established a municipal evacuation center.

SECTION 35. The basis of the recommendation of the MDRRMC, the Municipal Mayor, who is also the Incident Commander, shall give order to the Punong Barangay to execute immediately the implementation of forced evacuation.

SECTION 36. In the event that local residents refuse to leave their homes, the Municipal Government as well as the members of the mobilized unit may use such reasonable force that is commensurate under the circumstances, to evacuate them from the designated evacuation areas.

CHAPTER IX

CREATION OF THE MUNICIPAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT [MDRRM] 24/7 OPERATION CENTER

SECTION 37. The MDRRM 24/7 Operations Center is hereby created and established under the Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction Management Office (MDRRMO) manned by MDRRM Officer with personnel from Administration & Training unit, Operation & Warning unit and Research & Planning unit.

- a. The 24/7 Operations Center shall be opened and maintained twenty four (24) hours daily by personnel who shall be ready to respond to any emergency situation due to natural or man-made causes.

- b. Equipment and tools necessary for the operation of the 24/7 Operations Center shall be adequately funded and provided for.
- c. The competency and skills of the 24/7 Operations Center personnel shall be enhanced, improved and updated through regular trainings and workshops which they will replicate in barangays.

SECTION 38. Manpower.

- a. The 24/7 Operations Center personnel shall be initially manned by fifteen (15) personnel trained in basic life saving techniques with water safety search and rescue and training on high angled capability.
- b. To ensure the twenty-four-hour operation of the 24/7 Operations Center, personnel shall be divided into three (3) teams initially composed of five (5) members who shall render duty on shifts under a one (1) day eight (8) hours/team scheme. Each team shall be initially composed of:
 - 1.) one (1) team supervisor,
 - 2.) one (1) rescue vehicle driver,
 - 3.) one (1) radio operator/dispatcher and
 - 4.) two (2) responders/rescuers.
- c. Personnel of the 24/7 Operations Center shall be hired based on service contracts to be entered into and signed by the Municipal Mayor in behalf of the municipality, the authority for which is hereby granted.

SECTION 39. Use of Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction Management Office (MDRRMO) vehicle and personnel services.

- a. To respond to emergency caused by accidents, calamities and disasters to save lives and properties.
- b. The use of the MDRRMO Vehicle and services rendered by MDRRMO Personnel shall be free of charge.

SECTION 40. Funds needed to defray the expenses necessary for or incidental to the implementation of the provisions shall be taken from the five percent (5%) MDRRM Fund of the Municipal Government.

CHAPTER X

PUBLIC SAFETY ON BEACH RESORTS

SECTION 41. Regulatory Acts.

- a. All beach resorts in Tigbauan shall maintain at least one (1) full-time lifeguard, who shall be a competent swimmer, who shall be ably trained in emergency life-saving measures particularly Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), who shall be equally trained in first-aid medication, and who shall be on active duty for the duration of the resort's day-to-day operation.
- b. All danger zones, areas, or spots in these beach resorts shall be clearly and conspicuously marked with appropriate warning signs, or shall be isolated with effective constraints or barriers from the access of minors or non-swimmers.
- c. All persons within the premises of these beach resorts who pose a danger to others, or to their own selves, because of extreme intoxication, possession of deadly weapons, unpacifiably belligerent behavior, or some other equally detrimental state or condition, shall be safely or politely brought out of the said premises, or promptly reported to the proper authorities, as prudence and good business policy could dictate.
- d. All beach resorts shall maintain at least one (1) telephone or other communication device for emergency use, which device shall be other than what may be provided for customers within their premises.
- e. All operators of beach resorts in Tigbauan are not limited to implement the above-described precautionary, safety, and life-saving measures, and are hereby enjoined by this municipal initiative to exert greater wisdom and effort in their customers and clients through the health-promoting use, and enjoyment, of their facilities, thereby attracting more customers and clients to their beach resorts.

CHAPTER XI

PUBLIC SAFETY ON TRAFFIC

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 42. DECLARATION OF POLICY. It is hereby declared the policy of the Municipality of Tigbauan to ensure the safe, orderly, efficient, and sustainable movement of people, goods, and services within its territorial jurisdiction. Pursuant to the general welfare clause of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code of 1991, and in consonance with Republic Act No. 4136 or the Land Transportation and Traffic Code, the Municipality shall adopt measures to regulate traffic flow, establish public transportation systems, promote road safety, protect the environment, and safeguard the welfare of all road users.

SECTION 43. SCOPE OF APPLICATION. The provisions of this Code shall govern, as far as applicable, the registration and operation of motorized and non-motorized vehicles such as tricycles, motorcycles, pedicabs, and e-trikes; the issuance of permits to drivers and operators; and the regulation and designation of franchise routes, terminals, parking areas, and similar matters.

SECTION 44. FUNCTIONS OF THE MTTMCC. The Committee shall have the following functions:

- a. Coordinate, monitor, and evaluate traffic management planning and implementation;
- b. Review and approve all traffic engineering and management schemes;
- c. Recommend to the Sangguniang Bayan the passage of resolutions and ordinances related to traffic management and the routing of common carriers operating within the territorial jurisdiction of Tigbauan;
- d. Conduct information and education campaigns on traffic discipline, pedestrian safety, and road courtesy, in coordination with schools, transport groups, and barangays;
- e. Design and implement Annual Driver's Refresher Course/Orientation focusing on:
 - i. Defensive driving and pedestrian rights;
 - ii. Basic traffic laws under Republic Act No. 4136; and
 - iii. Customer service and professional ethics;
- f. Meet quarterly in regular session, or in special session as deemed necessary by the Chairperson, with prior notice served at least one (1) day before the meeting; and
- g. Perform such other functions as may be necessary to ensure effective traffic management.

SECTION 45. CREATION OF A PUBLIC SAFETY AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT UNIT. The Municipality Of Tigbauan Traffic Management Unit (MTTMU) may recommend to the Local Chief Executive (LCE) the creation of a Public Safety and Traffic Management Unit, which shall be responsible for implementing, monitoring, and enforcing all traffic and transport-related regulations within the Municipality. The Municipality Of Tigbauan Traffic Management Unit (MTTMU) shall be chaired by the Traffic Management Officer or its Designate.

SECTION 46. EMPLOYMENT OF TRAFFIC AIDES. The Municipality Of Tigbauan Traffic Management Unit (MTTMU) may recommend to the Local Chief Executive the appropriate number of traffic aides to be employed. All traffic aides shall render service exclusively within the territorial jurisdiction of the Municipality of Tigbauan and shall be under the control and direction of the Traffic Management Officer or its Designate.

SECTION 47. TRANSPORT ROUTE PLAN. The Municipality Of Tigbauan Traffic Management Coordination Unit (MTTMCU) shall formulate and periodically review a Transport Route Plan for the Municipality of Tigbauan, which shall serve as an integral part of this Ordinance. Such plan shall define and update designated routes, terminals, loading and unloading areas, and other traffic management schemes in coordination with concerned agencies and transport operators.

SECTION 48. THE MUNICIPAL FRANCHISING REGULATORY OFFICE. There shall be established a Municipal Franchising Regulatory Office (MFRO) under the supervision of the Office of the Sangguniang Bayan, which shall serve as the implementing arm of the Municipal Traffic and Transport Management Coordinating Council (MTTMCC) in matters relating to the registration, franchising, and regulation of all public utility vehicles operating within the Municipality of Tigbauan.

SECTION 49. FUNCTIONS OF THE MUNICIPAL FRANCHISING OFFICER. The Municipal Franchising Officer shall perform the following functions:

- a. Receive and process applications for Motorized Tricycle Operator's Permits (MTOPE), Franchises, E-Trikes Permits and other related transport permits;
- b. Maintain and update a comprehensive record of all registered public transport units and operators within the Municipality;

- c. Coordinate with the MTTMCC, Municipal Treasurer's Office, and the Business Permits and Licensing Office (BPLO) to ensure proper regulation, fee collection, and compliance monitoring;
- d. Recommend to the MTTMCC and the Sangguniang Bayan appropriate measures and policies for efficient transport operation and management; and
- e. Conduct periodic inspections and verification of operating units to ensure compliance with municipal and national transport regulations.

CHAPTER XII

OPERATORS AND DRIVERS' ASSOCIATION

SECTION 50. CREATION OF OPERATORS AND DRIVERS' ZONAL ASSOCIATIONS. All operators and drivers of for-hire vehicles operating in the municipality shall form their respective zonal associations.

SECTION 51. CREATION OF OPERATORS AND DRIVERS' FEDERATED ASSOCIATION. There shall be a Federated Association of all transport sectors in the municipality which shall apply for accreditation as a Civil Society Organization (CSO) of the Municipality of Tigbauan. The Federation shall represent the transport sector in municipal development assemblies and any other related consultative activities.

CHAPTER XIII

USE OF BODY AND PLATE NUMBERS

SECTION 52. BODY NUMBER ASSIGNMENT. Upon registration of tricycles, pedicabs, and e-trikes for hire, a permanent body number and municipal plate shall be assigned to each unit and attached at the front of the sidecar. A corresponding municipal plate number shall also be issued and renewed annually.

SECTION 53. USE OF BODY NUMBER AND NUMBER PLATES.

- a. Tricycles, whether for hire or privately owned, shall attach the LTO-issued number plates at the rear end of the motorcycle.
- b. Pedicabs and E-Trikes shall attach the municipal-issued number plates at the front bumper of the sidecar.
- c. The body number plate shall be 3 inches wide and 5 inches long, colored white with black numbers, and permanently attached at the forward end of the sidecar's roof.
- d. Body numbers and plates shall be kept clean, visible, and securely affixed at all times.

CHAPTER XIV

PERMIT, LICENSES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS AND FARE MATRIX; CONDUCT OF DRIVERS AND OPERATORS

SECTION 54. LICENSE AND PERMIT REQUIREMENTS. Operators of tricycles, pedicabs, trisikads, and e-bikes for hire who employ or allow separate drivers other than themselves shall ensure compliance with the following requirements:

- a. **Driver's License Requirement-** No person shall operate any motor vehicle for hire without a valid driver's license issued by the Land Transportation Office (LTO). Holders of valid LTO driver's licenses are exempt from securing a Mayor's Permit but are required to attend the Annual Traffic Summit to obtain an official Municipal Identification Card (ID).
- b. **Mayor's Permit for Non-LTO License Holders-** Drivers of pedicabs, trisikads, and e-trikes who do not possess an LTO-issued license shall be required to secure a Mayor's Permit and attend the Annual Traffic Summit to be issued a Municipal Identification Card.
- c. **Age Requirement.** No person below eighteen (18) years of age shall be issued a Mayor's Permit or Municipal Identification Card.
- d. **Residency and Citizenship Requirement-** Applicants must be Filipino citizens, native Tigbauanons, or bona fide residents of the Municipality for at least six (6) months, as evidenced by a Barangay Clearance and Community Tax Certificate (CTC).
- e. **Mandatory Seminar on Conduct and Traffic Regulations-** All drivers of for-hire motorized tricycles and e-trikes shall undergo a seminar on public service, traffic rules and regulations, and

relevant municipal ordinances, to be conducted every November of each year. A Certificate of Attendance shall be issued to successful participants, which shall form part of the mandatory requirements for the renewal of their permits and/or franchises.

SECTION 55. MUNICIPAL IDENTIFICATION CARD (MUNICIPAL DRIVER'S ID). The Municipal Identification Card (ID) issued under this Code shall serve as the official proof of registration and authorization for drivers of public conveyances operating within the Municipality. The ID shall:

- Contain the driver's full name, photo, and assigned municipal registration number;
- Indicate the type of vehicle the driver is authorized to operate;
- Be valid for one (1) year from the date of issuance, renewable annually upon completion of the Annual Traffic Summit and payment of applicable fees; and
- Be carried by the driver at all times while operating his or her respective vehicle for hire.

SECTION 56. CARRYING AND DISPLAY OF PERMIT, LICENSES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS, AND FARE MATRIX. All drivers of vehicles for hire shall, at all times, carry their LTO-issued Driver's License or Municipal Identification Card (Municipal Driver's ID), as applicable. The said license or identification card, together with the Mayor's Permit and Fare Matrix, shall be displayed in a clearly visible place within the vehicle while operating, for easy inspection by law enforcement officers and passengers. Failure to carry or properly display the required permit, license, identification card, or fare matrix shall constitute a violation of this Code and shall be subject to the penalties prescribed under the corresponding provisions.

SECTION 57. OPERATOR'S DUTIES. Operators shall ensure that all units under their control are:

- Roadworthy and properly maintained at all times;
- Duly registered and bearing valid permits and identification markings; and
- Operated only by duly licensed and permitted drivers in accordance with municipal and national traffic laws.

SECTION 58. CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE OF DRIVERS. Drivers shall at all times:

- Wear the prescribed uniform and identification card while on duty;
- Observe courtesy, discipline, and proper decorum toward passengers and other road users;
- Refrain from smoking, drinking intoxicating beverages, or using mobile phones while driving;
- Avoid overcharging, refusing, or discriminating against passengers without just cause; and
- Comply with all traffic and safety regulations set by the Municipality and national agencies.

SECTION 59. IMITATION AND FALSE REPRESENTATIONS/ ILLEGAL USE OF LICENSES, MAYOR'S PERMITS, AND IDENTIFICATION CARDS

- No person shall make, use, or attempt to make or use a driver's license, badge, certificate of registration, number plate, tag, or permit in imitation or similitude of those issued under this Code.
- No person shall falsely represent as valid any license, badge, certificate, plate, or permit that is delinquent, revoked, or suspended.
- No person shall knowingly make false or fraudulent statements in any application for vehicle registration, license, or permit.

SECTION 60. RECORD AND MONITORING SYSTEM. The MTTMCC, in coordination with the Office of the Mayor and the Municipal Treasurer, shall establish and maintain an official registry of all licensed operators and drivers of tricycles, pedicabs, trisikads, and e-bikes for hire within the Municipality. The registry shall contain the following data:

- Full name and address of operator and driver;
- Type and plate number of vehicle operated;
- License or permit number and date of issuance; and
- Record of infractions, suspensions, or penalties imposed.

The registry shall be updated regularly and made available for inspection by authorized officials for monitoring, enforcement, and policy evaluation purposes.

SECTION 61. PENALTIES. Any operator or driver who violates any provision of this Chapter, including the non-display of the required fare matrix, shall be subject to the following penalties, without prejudice to any higher penalty prescribed under applicable national laws or regulations:

- First Offense: Written warning and mandatory counseling by the Municipal Traffic and Transportation Management Unit (MTTMU).
- Second Offense: Suspension of the Mayor's Permit or Municipal Driver's Identification Card for fifteen (15) days.

- c. Third Offense: Revocation of the Mayor's Permit or Municipal Driver's Identification Card and disqualification from renewal for one (1) year.

39.1 **SPECIFIC PENALTY FOR NON-DISPLAY OF FARE MATRIX.** Any driver or operator found guilty of failing to properly display the official fare matrix as required under this Code shall be penalized as follows:

- i. First Offense: fine of ₱500.00;
- ii. Second Offense: fine of ₱1,000.00;
- iii. Third and Succeeding Offenses: fine of ₱2,500.00

c. **NUMBER CODING SCHEME** - Number coding schemes in transportation aims to reduce traffic congestion by restricting vehicle movement based on body plate number. E-trike's are restricted from operating on certain days based on:

- a. PLATE NUMBER ENDING 1 AND 2 are not allowed to operate during MONDAY'S
- b. PLATE NUMBER ENDING 3 AND 4 are not allowed to operate during TUESDAY
- c. PLATE NUMBER ENDING 5 AND 6 are not allowed to operate during WEDNESDAY
- d. PLATE NUMBER ENDING 7 AND 8 are not allowed to operate during THURSDAY
- e. PLATE NUMBER ENDING 9 AND 0 are not allowed to operate during FRIDAY
- f. All Registered E-Trike's are allowed to operate on SATURDAY'S AND SUNDAY'S

Any person violating the provision of this Code shall be liable for the following penalties;

- i. First Offense: Fine not exceeding Five Hundred Pesos (₱500.00), in addition to mandatory attendance in a Traffic Safety Seminar
- ii. Second Offense: Fine not exceeding One Thousand Pesos (₱1,000.00) Possible suspension of Mayor's Permit, Driver's Identification Card, or vehicle registration for a period of fifteen (15) days.
- iii. Fine not exceeding One Thousand Pesos (₱1,500.00), revocation of Mayor's Permit, Driver's Identification Card, or vehicle registration and Disqualification from renewal of permits, licenses, or registration for one (1) year.

d. All Registered E-trikes are allowed to accommodate passengers going to Tigbauan National High School (TNHS) but are prohibited to park and pick up passengers upon drop off.

CHAPTER XV

DESIGNATION OF TERMINAL AND ROUTES FOR PUBLIC UTILITY JEEPNEYS/VEHICLES (PUJ/PUV/MODERNIZED JEEPNEY) PASSING THROUGH THE MUNICIPALITY AND MULTICABS PLYING TIGBAUAN-LEON AND VICE VERSA

SECTION 62. TIGBAUAN JEEPNEY OWNERS AND DRIVERS' ASSOCIATION (TJODA)

- a. The terminal for TJODA public utility vehicles plying the Tigbauan-Iloilo City route shall be at Allera Street (after the entrance of the covered court). Three (3) units shall be allowed to park diagonally at a time. A temporary terminal shall be designated at Barangays 3 and 7, Poblacion. For the Poblacion-Jamog route, the terminal area is along Tejero Street. Only two (2) units shall park diagonally at a time. PUJs operating the Poblacion-Jamog route must load and unload at their designated terminal when departing and returning.
- b. Tigbauan-Iloilo City route: Public utility vehicles are allowed to ply municipal streets and barangay roads to load and unload passengers and cargos.
- c. Poblacion to Jamog route: Shall drop in their designated terminal when going to and from Barangay Jamog.

SECTION 63. MULTICABS PLYING TIGBAUAN-LEON AND VICE VERSA

- a. Parking area for multi-cabs is temporarily located at the corner of Tupan and Tupas Streets (corner of Rivas and Tupas Streets), Tigbauan, Iloilo
- b. Entrance and exit for multi-cabs plying Tigbauan-Leon route and vice versa shall pass Tronco Street to their terminal at Rivas Street.
- c. Multi-cabs shall traverse from Rivas Street, Tronco Street, Tupan Street to the National Highway passing Barangays Bagumbayan, Bitas, Napnapan Sur, Napnapan Norte, Cordova Sur and Cordova Norte to the Municipality of Leon and vice versa.
- d. Cutting of trips or picking-up of passengers along barangay roads or NIA roads within the Municipality of Tigbauan are strictly prohibited.

SECTION 64. PUV/PUJ/MODERNIZED JEEPNEY ROUTE FROM ANTIQUE TO ILOILO AND VICE VERSA.

- a. All public utility jeepneys or vehicles coming from the southern part of the province bound for Iloilo City shall pass along the National Highway and traverse through Barangays Buyuan, Parara Sur, Parara Norte, Poblacion Proper, Namocon, Baguingin, Atabayan and Barroc.
- b. All public utility vehicles coming from Iloilo City bound for the southern municipalities of Iloilo and Antique shall pass along the National Highway and traverse through Barangays Barroc, Atabayan, Baguingin, Namocon, Poblacion Proper, Tupas to Taldelore Streets, Parara Norte, Parara Sur and Buyu-an.

CHAPTER XVI

DECLARATION OF ONE-WAY ROADS, TEMPORARY ROAD CLOSURES

AND EXEMPTIONS

SECTION 65. ONE-WAY STREETS

- a. Corner Taldelore–Allera Street (from the National Highway to Corner Tejero Street) is declared an entrance-only one-way street. Vehicles parked in front of the Catholic Church shall observe single-line diagonal parking alongside the plaza.
- b. RC Drive is declared one-way exit-only. TTODA tricycles shall observe single-line parking alongside Tigbauan Central School perimeter fence.
- c. Corner Tupas–Tejero–Allera Streets is declared one-way exit-only.
- d. Corner Tupas–Leonardia Streets is designated for NBBATODA route tricycles, using the right lane (facing the Public Market) for waiting parking.
- e. Trompeta Drive is declared entrance-only (despite being a two-way street).
- f. Public Market Road is declared one-way exit-only (except Sundays).
- g. Talaver Street is declared one-way exit with entrance at Taldelore Street and exit at Corner Tamayo–Taneza Street.
- h. Corner Tamayo–Taneza is declared entrance; Corner Taneza–Trance is declared exit-only.
- i. Corner Torres to E. Tantiado Streets is declared No Entry.
- j. Rivas Street is declared one-way to Corner E. Tantiado Street.

SECTION 66. TEMPORARY ROAD CLOSURES. Temporary road closures within the Municipality of Tigbauan may be implemented by the Municipal Traffic and Transport Management Coordinating Council (MTTMCC), in coordination with the Municipal Mayor, the Tigbauan Police Station, and concerned barangays, under the following conditions:

- a. **Market Day (Sunday) Operations.** To accommodate the Sunday flea market, certain roads shall be temporarily converted into one-way lanes from 5:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., as follows:
 - i. The right lane of Corner Tejero–Allera–Leonardia, facing the main gate, shall operate as a one-way road; the left lane shall be reserved for pedestrian use only.
 - ii. The left lane of Corner Allera–Tejero, facing the main gate, shall serve as the vehicle entrance to the market area. This regulation ensures smooth traffic flow and pedestrian safety during market hours.
- b. **Municipal Building and Other Municipal-Sanctioned Activities.**
 - i. The road fronting the Municipal Building shall be temporarily closed during the Flag Ceremony, Sangguniang Bayan Sessions, and Court Sessions.
 - ii. Parking shall be allowed during Sangguniang Bayan and Court Sessions, provided that vehicle owners register their vehicle brand, color, plate number, and purpose with the front desk.
 - iii. The road fronting the Municipal Building is designated as a Parking Zone from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday to Friday.
 - iv. Parking after 5:00 p.m. shall be subject to coordination with the concerned office or the MTTMCC.
 - v. Municipal vehicles or any other Government-owned vehicles are exempt from these restrictions.
- c. **Municipal Events and Festivities.** Temporary road closures may likewise be imposed during the conduct of the following municipal events to ensure public safety and order:

- i. Municipal Devotional Town Fiesta (every January) – Portions of Allera Street and Tejero Street shall be temporarily closed.
- ii. Saludan Festival (every October).
- iii. Panay Landing Memorial Anniversary (every March).
- iv. Lenten Season – Road closures and rerouting shall be implemented as necessary, particularly in areas near churches and processional routes.

CHAPTER XVII

ROAD CLEARING

SECTION 67. USE OF PUBLIC ROADS, PLAZA, SIDEWALKS, ALLEYS, AND RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE. To maintain public order, safety, and the unimpeded flow of traffic and pedestrians, the following acts are hereby prohibited:

- a. It shall be unlawful for any person or entity to stockpile, block, display obstructing materials/articles, or erect structures on any street/road or part thereof.
- b. No person shall use public roads, sidewalks, alleys or lanes for bathing, laundering, washing clothes or other similar purposes.
- c. No person shall use or occupy any sidewalk or alley owned by the Municipality for construction works or other non-traffic uses without a permit from the Mayor and payment of the corresponding permit fee as imposed under existing tax ordinances.
- d. The period of use/occupancy of sidewalk or alley shall commence from permit issuance and terminate upon completion of works, cancellation of permit, or as otherwise specified in the permit.
- e. No person shall use any portion of public roads, parks or plazas for drying cereals, palay, or similar purposes — except during harvest season when such use does not obstruct traffic flow.
- f. No person, natural or juridical, shall construct or cause the construction of any hump or protuberance on any public road without first securing a permit from the Mayor through the Municipal Engineering Office.

SECTION 68. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS:

- a. Any person desiring to construct humps or place protuberances shall file an application with the Municipal Engineering Office.
- b. Upon receipt, the Municipal Engineer shall coordinate with the Traffic Management in-charge to assess the merit of the application.
- c. No permit shall be issued without written recommendation from the Engineering Office and Traffic Management.
- d. A displacement plan shall be prepared by the Municipal Task Force on Road Clearing.

SECTION 69. RULES AND REGULATIONS:

- a. The Municipal Engineer shall determine the specifications (thickness, width, length) of humps or protuberances to be constructed.
- b. The Municipal Engineer is authorized to alter or modify existing humps or protuberances on any municipal or barangay road to conform to the required specification.
- c. The Municipal Engineering Office and Traffic Management shall issue implementing rules and regulations for effective enforcement of this Chapter.
- d. Barangay officials are authorized to monitor and report any violation of this ordinance to the Municipal Engineer.

SECTION 70. ROLES OF PUNONG BARANGAYS AND SANGGUNIANG BARANGAY MEMBERS RELATIVE TO THE PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE ON ROAD CLEARING:

- a. Review existing approved ordinances for consistency with this Code and other related laws/policies.
- b. Collaborate with the Municipal Mayor for harmonization of efforts in clearing roads of illegal structures and obstructions.
- c. Undertake strategies (such as information campaigns, community assemblies) to ensure peaceful, orderly, continuous implementation of road-clearing operations in their jurisdiction.
- d. Mobilize barangay tanods to conduct monitoring of cleared roads.
- e. Ensure maintenance and cleanliness of cleared roads within their jurisdiction.

SECTION 71. PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT.

- a. Any person, natural or juridical, found violating any provision of this Chapter shall be liable for the following penalties:

- i. First Offense: A fine of ₱500.00 and issuance of a Notice to Remove or Comply within twenty-four (24) hours from apprehension;
- ii. Second Offense: A fine of ₱1,000.00 and immediate removal or clearing of the obstruction at the violator's expense.
- iii. Third and Succeeding Offenses: A fine of ₱2,500.00, confiscation of materials or structures causing obstruction, and possible revocation of business or construction permit, if applicable.
- b. If the violator fails to remove the obstruction within the prescribed period, the Municipal Engineering Office, Traffic Management Office, or Task Force on Road Clearing shall summarily remove or demolish such obstruction. The cost of removal or restoration shall be charged to the violator, without prejudice to the filing of appropriate administrative, civil, or criminal action.
- c. Barangay officials who fail to enforce road-clearing directives or tolerate obstructions within their jurisdiction may be subject to administrative sanctions in accordance with existing laws and DILG directives.
- d. Confiscated materials or items shall be turned over to the Municipal Engineering Office for proper inventory, disposal, or auction pursuant to existing municipal procedures.

CHAPTER XVIII

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT CAPACITY

SECTION 72. EXCEEDING REGISTERED CAPACITY. No operator, driver, or owner shall allow any vehicle for hire to carry passengers or freight beyond its registered capacity as approved and indicated in its franchise or permit. Overloading of passengers or goods shall be strictly prohibited and penalized in accordance with this Code and applicable laws.

SECTION 73. PASSENGER CAPACITY LIMITS.

- a. **Public Utility Jeepneys (PUJs)-** Passenger capacity shall strictly conform to that indicated in the LTFRB Certificate of Public Convenience (CPC) or vehicle registration. No passenger shall be allowed to ride on the hood, canopy, stepboard, roof, or bumpers of the vehicle.
- b. **Tricycles-** The maximum passenger capacity shall be **seven (7) persons**, including the driver. The sidecar shall carry no more than **three (3) passengers** at any given time.
- c. **Pedicabs and E-Trikes.** The maximum passenger capacity shall be **two (2) persons** inside the sidecar only. No passenger shall be allowed to sit or cling outside the designated seating area.

CHAPTER XIX

TRAFFIC AND ROAD SAFETY REGULATIONS

SECTION 74. GENERAL RULE. All persons driving or operating any motor vehicle, tricycle, e-trike, or pedicab within the Municipality of Tigbauan shall strictly observe the provisions of Republic Act No. 4136, otherwise known as the Land Transportation and Traffic Code, and all related municipal traffic regulations.

SECTION 75. CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS AND DESIGNATION OF SPEED LIMITS. No vehicle shall be driven at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under existing road, traffic, and weather conditions. In no case shall a driver exceed the following limits within the Municipality of Tigbauan:

Classification	Location Concerned	Passenger Cars & Motorcycles	Trucks & Buses
Open country roads (no blind corners, not closely bordered by habitations)	Cordova Norte to Boundary of Leon	80 km/h	50 km/h
Through streets or boulevards (clear of traffic, no blind corners)	Bagumbayan to Cordova Norte Road; Parara to Jamog Road	40 km/h	30 km/h
City/municipal streets (light traffic, not designated "through streets")	Buyu-an to Parara Road; Namocon to Barroc Road	30 km/h	30 km/h
Crowded streets, approaching intersections at blind-corners, school zones, stationary vehicles, similar dangerous circumstances	All roads passing Poblacion from Taldelore to Tupas Street; Municipal	20 km/h	20 km/h

	Streets- Barangays 1-9 and Tan Pael, All School Zones		
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SECTION 76. EXEMPTIONS: The speed limits do not apply to the following:

- a. A physician or his/her driver responding to an emergency.
- b. Drivers of hospital ambulances and other emergency vehicles on their way to/from the place of accident/emergency.
- c. Drivers transporting a wounded or sick person for emergency treatment.
- d. Drivers of Armed Forces vehicles in official use during riot, insurrection, or invasion.
- e. Law-enforcement officers pursuing a traffic violator or criminal.
- f. Fire-department vehicles on official business. Provided, however, that the exemption does not authorize unnecessary fast driving.

SECTION 77. OVERTAKING AND PASSING. Overtaking shall be permitted only when the left side of the road is clearly visible and free of oncoming traffic for a sufficient distance to permit safe passing, in accordance with R.A. 4136.

SECTION 78. DESIGNATION OF LOADING AND UNLOADING AREAS. All public utility tricycles, pedicabs, and e-trikes shall load and unload passengers only at designated loading/unloading areas, except when assisting senior citizens, persons with disabilities, or pregnant women, provided that such stops do not obstruct traffic flow.

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- a. All public utility vehicles/jeepneys/modernized jeepneys, while operating within the territorial jurisdiction of the Municipality of Tigbauan, shall load and/or unload passengers or cargoes only in areas designated as loading/unloading zones.
 - b. All public utility vehicles/jeepneys/modernized jeepneys (except those whose franchise route is Tigbauan-Iloilo City and vice versa) are prohibited from entering municipal streets to load or unload passengers or cargoes bound for Iloilo City and vice versa, except for justifiable reasons or when provided by law.
 - c. Taxi cabs operating or passing through the Municipality shall not load or unload passengers or cargoes in areas designated for PUVs; they may instead use other areas so as not to obstruct public utility operations.
 - d. For public utility vehicles bound for Iloilo City, the loading/unloading zones are:
 - a. Corner Taldelore and Talaver Street in front of Tigbauan Central School;
 - b. Corner Tupas and Leonardia Streets; and for passenger convenience, unloading may occur in the designated area in front of the municipal plaza.
 - e. For public utility buses bound for Iloilo City, the unloading zone is at Tupas Street, in front of the municipal plaza.
 - f. For public utility vehicles bound to the southern part of Iloilo and to the Province of Antique, the loading/unloading zones are:
 - a. Corner Tupas and Leonardia Streets;
 - b. Tupas Street in front of Municipal Plaza;
 - c. Taldelore and Tamayo-Talaver Streets.
 - g. For public utility buses bound for Antique, the loading/unloading zone is at Tupas Street, across the municipal plaza.
 - h. Public Market Road and Trompeta Drive are designated loading/unloading zones for delivery vehicles carrying market supplies.
 - i. Delivery trucks and vehicles transporting construction materials, animal feeds and other supplies along the National Highway including Tupas-Leonardia-Teruñez Streets to Taldelore-Talaver Streets are banned from 6:00 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. They must unload off the National Highway or at other times not obstruct traffic.
 - j. All delivery vehicles are prohibited from loading/unloading on areas designated for public utility vehicles.
 - k. Tricycles, trisikads and e-trikes, both for hire and privately-owned, are prohibited from parking in designated PUV loading/unloading zones.
 - l. Drivers of PUJs and delivery vehicles, upon loading or unloading, must observe a five (5)-meter distance from intersections as provided in RA 4136 — otherwise penalties apply.

CHAPTER XX

TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS AND PROHIBITED ACTS

SECTION 79. PARKING REGULATIONS, PROHIBITIONS, AND OTHER TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS. The

following acts are strictly prohibited within the Municipality of Tigbauan and shall constitute traffic and road safety violations subject to penalties under this Code and applicable national laws:

- a. Parking on pedestrian lanes, intersections, bridges, or in front of fire hydrants and driveways;
- b. Parking in non-designated areas or outside those approved by the Municipal Traffic and Transport Management Coordinating Council (MTTMCC);
- c. Leaving any unattended or illegally parked vehicle that obstructs traffic flow, which may be subject to towing at the owner's expense;
- d. Parking within an intersection;
- e. Parking within five (5) meters of an intersection;
- f. Parking within four (4) meters of any driveway entrance;
- g. Parking in places where official prohibition signs are posted;
- h. Allowing passengers to ride on top or on the cover of a vehicle;
- i. Permitting passengers to ride on the running board, step board, or mudguard while the vehicle is in motion;
- j. Disregarding traffic signs and signals;
- k. Over-speeding beyond designated limits;
- l. Refusal to render service to the public or to convey passengers to their lawful destinations;
- m. Driving contrary to municipal or national traffic rules and regulations;
- n. Overloading beyond the vehicle's registered capacity;
- o. Failure to give way to ambulances, police, or fire-department vehicles on duty;
- p. Failure to give proper signal before starting, stopping, or turning from a direct line;
- q. Obstructing the free passage of vehicles while loading or unloading passengers or freight, or in any manner impeding traffic flow;
- r. Failure to install an Early Warning Device (EWD) at least four (4) meters from the front and rear of a stalled or disabled motor vehicle;
- s. Employing or allowing discourteous or arrogant drivers or conductors to operate public utility vehicles;
- t. Smoking within public utility vehicles;
- u. Indiscriminate or unnecessary blowing of horns; and
- v. Indiscriminate use of loudspeakers or playing of loud music while operating vehicles;

SECTION 80. DRIVER AND OPERATOR VIOLATIONS. The following acts shall constitute violations by drivers and all persons concerned in the operation of motor vehicles, public utility vehicles, tricycles, pedicabs, trisikads, and e-trikes within the Municipality of Tigbauan:

- a. Driving without a license;
- b. Driving with an invalid, suspended, or revoked license;
- c. Failure to show, surrender, or carry a driver's license while operating a vehicle;
- d. Student permit holders operating a vehicle without being accompanied by a licensed driver;
- e. Driving under the influence of alcohol or prohibited drugs;
- f. Allowing an unlicensed person to drive a vehicle;
- g. Operating unregistered vehicles, without plate numbers, or outside prescribed routes;
- h. Improper attire or hygiene (exemption during rainy season);
- i. Driving a vehicle with excessively loud sound systems;
- j. Discrimination against Senior Citizens, PWDs, and pregnant women;
- k. Failure to display fare matrix;
- l. Use of fake Identification Cards
- m. Parking in non-designated area;
- n. overload
- o. Tampering Municipal/Body Plates
- p. Fake/Tampering Driver's ID/Permit
- q. Driving without or expired franchise
- r. Out of Route
- s. Driving without Municipal/Body Plates
- t. illegal Parking
- u. Modified Muffler

SECTION 81. PENALTIES.

- a. Any person who violates the provisions of this Chapter shall be subject to the following penalties, without prejudice to higher penalties provided under national laws:
 - i. First Offense: Written warning issued by the Municipal Traffic and Transport Management Unit (MTTMU) or authorized personnel and Mandatory attendance in a Traffic Safety Seminar or orientation, as applicable.
 - ii. Second Offense: Fine not exceeding Five Hundred Pesos (₱500.00), in addition to mandatory attendance in a Traffic Safety Seminar. Possible suspension of Mayor's Permit, Driver's Identification Card, or vehicle registration for a period of fifteen (15) days.

government units (LGUs), the Land Transportation Office (LTO), and other concerned agencies to ensure the proper enforcement, harmonization, and uniformity of traffic-related rules and penalties.

- e. Filing of Complaint. Any person who fails to comply with the summons given to him or her, or attached to a vehicle, shall be subject to a complaint filed by the proper authority. Upon such filing, the issuance of a warrant of arrest may be sought in accordance with existing laws and procedural rules.
- f. Reporting to the Land Transportation Office (LTO). The Traffic Management Office (TMO), through its authorized representative, shall transmit copies of driver's licenses or relevant violation records to the LTO Regional Office VI for guidance, reference, and appropriate administrative action.
- g. General Penalty Clause. Any person violating the provisions of this Code for which no specific penalty is provided shall be penalized with a fine not exceeding Two Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P2,500.00) or imprisonment of not less than five (5) days but not more than six (6) months, or both, at the discretion of the court. Where applicable, the pertinent provisions of national laws shall prevail.
- h. Collection and Disposition of Fines. Payment of fines shall be made at the Municipal Treasurer's Office. All fines collected under this Code shall be allocated as follows:
 - i. Thirty percent (30%) for the apprehending officer; and
 - ii. Seventy percent (70%) for the Municipal Government, exclusively for the enforcement of this Ordinance and for the maintenance and operation of the Municipal Traffic and Transportation Management Coordinating Committee (MTTMCC).

CHAPTER XXIII

FINAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 86. APPROPRIATION. The Municipal Government shall appropriate sufficient funds for the implementation of this Code and related programs, including but not limited to the following:

- a. Installation and maintenance of traffic signs, road safety markers, and information billboards;
- b. Education and information dissemination, seminars, and trainings;
- c. Procurement of traffic enforcement equipment, such as speed guns, breath analyzers, decibel meters, and impounding vehicles;
- d. Preparation, printing, and reproduction of traffic materials, safety tips, and Temporary Citation Tickets;
- e. Operational costs for the Tigbauan Traffic Management Coordination Committee and the hiring of additional traffic aides; and
- f. Establishment and maintenance of an impounding area, initially to be located at the back of the Tigbauan Municipal Police Station.

Funding shall initially be charged to the budget of the Office of the Mayor. Thereafter, the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Pesos (P400,000.00) shall be included annually in the Municipal General Fund Budget.

SECTION 87. PROVISION OF A MUNICIPAL IMPOUNDING AREA. The MTTMCC shall establish and maintain a municipal impounding area to accommodate all vehicles apprehended for violations of this Code.

CHAPTER XXIV

FIRE SAFETY

SECTION 88. The following shall be observed in maintaining fire safety:

- a. The Local Government of Tigbauan, with the cooperation of Bureau of Fire Protection [BFP] and the private sector, shall develop and promulgate sets of standards and regulations in fire prevention and fire safety;
- b. Fire Prevention and fire safety shall be undertaken continuously involving all sectors of the community;
- c. The organization, administration and operation of the Fire Service shall be under the BFP in cooperation with the local government unit.
- d. Awareness, precaution and prevention are the best weapons for the safety of the inhabitants of this municipality for a progressive Tigbauan.

SECTION 89. The Following are declared as prohibited acts and omissions:

- a. Transporting, storing, display for purposes of selling the highly combustible materials such as gasoline, kerosene, crude oil and refilled canister;

- b. Selling of Highly Combustible Materials such as gasoline, kerosene, crude oil;
- c. Selling of firecrackers/pyrotechnics to minors;
- d. Open flame cooking inside the public market.

SECTION 90. Any person, establishment or entity who/which desires to engage in the transport, storage, display and sale of motor oil and firecrackers/pyrotechnics is require to secure a business permit to engage in such activity with the local government unit.

Organization of Barangay Tanods- Barangay Tanods shall be supervised by the Punong Barangay and shall designate a Chief Tanod/Executive Officer to head the group. The tanod shall be organized into teams composed of a Team Leader and two (2) to four (4) members.

SECTION 91. Any person, natural or juridical, who is a lessee of the Municipal Public Market stalls is prohibited to sell gasoline and diesel fuel anywhere, except in licensed gas/fuel station in the municipality.

SECTION 92. All business establishments in the Public Market and public buildings are hereby required to be equipped with fire extinguishers as deterrent to hazards of fire.

CHAPTER XXV

REGULATION ON THE USE OF PYROTHECNICS/ FIRECRACKERS

SECTION 93. The regulation of sale, manufacture, distribution and use of fire crackers and other pyrotechnic devices shall be governed by the following:

- 1) It shall be prohibited for any person(s) to display, sell, or manufacture Big Firecrackers and use/ lit Big Firecrackers.
- 2) It shall be prohibited to any person to use/ lit their firecrackers and light their pyrotechnic devices outside the designated firecrackers zones in their barangay during Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve.
- 3) Stalls for display and sell of regulated firecrackers shall be inspected by local fire marshal.
- 4) During coronation programs in town and barangay fiesta and other celebrations provided that permit from the Office of the Local Chief Executive has been secured.
- 5) The Municipality shall identify a designated Fire Cracker/ Pyrotechnic Zone:
 1. Poblacion (Barangay 1-9, inclusive) - at Allera Street (behind the Tigbauan Sports Arena) from the corner of the national highway up to the belfry or along the riverbank protection dikes at Barangay 2 and 3;
 2. Barangays Tan Pael and Namocon - at the vacant lot in front of BFP station and;
 3. All other barangays - the Punong Barangay shall be responsible for designating common firecracker/pyrothecnic zones in their respective barangays taking into consideration the provisions of RA No. 7138 and Municipal Ordinance 2020-010.

CHAPTER XXVI

BJMP COMMUNITY REINTEGRATION PROGRAM

SECTION 94. - ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL REINTEGRATION TASK FORCE. A task force shall be established through an Executive Order issued by the Local Chief Executive, comprising representatives from the Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP), Local Government Unit, Philippine National Police, Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG), Civil Society Organizations, and relevant stakeholders to oversee and coordinate community reintegration efforts. The Task Force shall have the functions not limited to the following:

- a. Develop individual case management plans of each participant, outlining specific goals, interventions, and timelines to guide their reintegration process effectively;
- b. Submit a comprehensive report on the programs or plans undertaken as may be required;
- c. Conduct a thorough assessment of available community resources such as job training programs, educational and vocational services, mental health services, sports and recreational activities, religious and counseling services, or housing options, among others, to ensure a comprehensive support network program for the participants; and
- d. Perform such other functions as it may deemed necessary for the effective implementation of this ordinance, consistent with national laws and policies.

SECTION 95. - AFTERCARE AND RELEASE PROGRAMS. Aftercare and release programs shall be designed to assist former inmates in adjusting to life outside of jail and help them reintegrate into their communities. The Local Government Unit shall collaborate with various government agencies, non-government organizations and private sectors to ensure smooth transition of former PDLs of the municipality. Aftercare programs shall include the following:

- a. Job placement programs, vocational and livelihood trainings, and partnerships with local businesses to facilitate employment opportunities for the participant's reintegration into the community;
- b. Access to educational opportunities, adult learning programs and skills development courses to enhance the participant's knowledge and employability upon post-release; and
- c. Financial literacy workshops to help the participant make informed financial decisions and achieve economic stability.

SECTION 96.-. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT INITIATIVES. The Local Government Unit through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO) shall organize community engagement activities, workshops and awareness campaigns, provide information, education, and communication (IEC) materials, and facilitate community service projects and volunteer opportunities to engage local residents, businesses, and organizations in supporting the municipal reintegration program and fostering a welcoming community environment.

SECTION 97. - DATA MONITORING AND EVALUATION. The Local Government Unit, through the Task Force, shall establish a system for monitoring program outcomes, tracking participant's progress, and evaluating the effectiveness of community reintegration efforts to inform continuous improvement and evidence-based decision-making.

SECTION 98.-. APPROPRIATION. The Local Government Unit, through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO) shall allocate the necessary funds to carry out the provisions of this ordinance.

CHAPTER XXVII

BARANGAY TANOD PROFESSIONALISM

SECTION 99. . It is the declared policy of the Local Government Unit of Tigbauan to recognize the indispensable role of Barangay Tanods and community brigades as one of the partners of the LGU in maintaining peace and order in the locality.

SECTION 100. INSTITUTIONALIZATION OF BARANGAY TANOD PROFESSIONALISM PROGRAM- Barangay Tanod Professionalism Program is hereby institutionalized to strengthen the capabilities of Barangay Tanods in the Municipality of Tigbauan.

SECTION 101. FUNDING. Initial funding necessary for the implementation of the provisions and purposes of this ordinance is hereby appropriated from any available sources in the General Fund of the municipality subject to the existing laws, rules, and issuances. Funding for future trainings, awards and/or incentives included in the Tanod Professionalism Program shall be included in the AIP and Annual Budget of the MLGOO.

SECTION 102. ADMINISTRATION. *of Barangay Tanods and Confirmation of Appointment-* Barangay Tanods shall be composed of civilian volunteers duly appointed by the Punong Barangay upon recommendation of the Barangay Peace and Order Council (BPOC). While the Local Government Code provides a maximum of twenty (20) Tanods in each barangay, it may create more as maybe necessary to carry out the purposes of the barangay government in accordance with the needs of public service, subject to the budgetary limitations of the barangay.

Term and Renewal of Appointment- The term of appointment a barangay tanod member shall be for three (3) years which may be renewed unless earlier revoked for a valid cause, such as:

*Violation of law (Revised Penal Code and Special Laws;
Commission of crime involving moral turpitude;
Gross neglect of duty;
For other causes that the BPOC may determine;
Voluntary resignation*

Renewal of appointment shall require favorable recommendation of the BPOC. In case of any replacement due to expiration of appointments, voluntary resignation or for other cause, the BPOC shall submit the name of the replacement to the Punong Barangay for approval.

The Barangay shall maintain a masterlist of their respective Barangay Tanod members categorized to the following: Existing, active, inactive, number of years in service. Mandatory retirement age for a barangay tanod member shall be at the age of 60 years old. Extension, as deemed necessary, shall be allowed until 65 years old, provided that a medical certificate stating that the member is physically fit for work will be complied. Provided further, said extension of service shall be subject to the approval of BPOC and Punong Barangay.

A Barangay Tanod member appointed prior to the implementation of this ordinance shall be retained in voluntary service as long as they are physically fit. Provided however, that upon assumption of office of a newly-elected Punong Barangay and creation of a new BPOC, said member shall be considered resigned and his reappointment/renewal shall be subject to the validation and/or approval of the new Punong Barangay and BPOC. Provided further, that appointment of new members of Barangay Tanod shall be compliant with the provisions of this ordinance.

• *Equipage*

Uniform (pants, t-shirt, vest with markings and name-cloth, ball cap, rubber shoes); Tanods can be issued patches attached to their jackets, if prescribed, the Liga ng mga Barangay shall provide the appropriate Tanod Uniform Design for the Municipal Uniform;

IDs (must be worn at all times), the Liga ng mga Barangay shall provide the appropriate Tanod Identification Card [ID] as Municipal ID;

Gadgets (Nightstick (probaton) with belt and holster, whistle, flashlight, first-aid kits)

Uniforms provided for the members of the Barangay Tanod shall be FOR EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE MEMBER ONLY. Unauthorized use of a Barangay Tanod uniform by a non-member shall be subject for appropriate penalty in accordance with existing law.

SECTION 103. DUTES AND RESPONSIBILITIES- Under the supervision of the Punong Barangay, the barangay tanod shall:

- a. Assist the barangay officials in the prevention of crime and the promotion of public safety;
- b. Conduct patrol/ronda in the barangay;
- c. Report to the concerned barangay officials the occurrence of any crime, fire, accident, public disturbance, and environmental degradation activities and other untoward incident in the barangay;
- d. Monitor the presence and/or activities of suspicious persons, criminals and other lawless elements within their jurisdiction and report the same to the proper authorities;
- e. Conduct surveillance on crime breeding areas within the barangay/puroks and report the observations/findings to the proper authorities;
- f. Assist the police and the lupong tagapamayapa in the execution of warrants and other judicial processes such as tracking the whereabouts of missing persons, in arresting escaped prisoners and other fugitives from justice, and in the recovery of stolen properties;
- g. Coordinate closely with the Barangay Officials and police/local authorities in the drive against all forms of crimes such as terrorism, smuggling, carnapping, drug trafficking, drug pushing, illegal gambling, child abuse, crime against women, all forms of vices and syndicated crimes;
- h. Assist in the implementation of the Fire Code of the Philippines;
- i. Detect all forms of fire hazards and other public safety hazards/violations and to institute corrective measures within their capacity;
- j. Assist in facilitating smooth flow of traffic; and
- k. Perform other functions as may be directed by the Punong Barangay

SECTION.104. -. BENEFITS/INCENTIVES

Section 393 (a)(d) of the Local Government Code of 1991 provides that all duly appointed members of the Barangay Tanod or their equivalent shall be granted honoraria/allowances, insurance or other benefits during their incumbency;

Other benefits of Barangay Tanods shall be prorated according to their number of years in service, subject to availability of funds of their respective barangays and/or municipality and to the existing laws, rules, and issuances.

SECTION 105. There shall be annual incentives for barangay tanods dependent on the availability of funds.

SECTION 106. Insurance Coverage for Barangay Tanods – The Sangguniang Bayan shall provide group insurance coverage for Barangay Tanods when the finances of the municipal government allow said coverage.

SECTION 107. - PROGRAM COMPONENTS

Advocacy - Formulation, printing and distribution of information, education, campaign materials as well as the primer for Barangay Tanods shall be undertaken by the concerned stakeholders. Utilization of tri-media shall be employed emphasizing the role of Barangay Tanods in keeping the community safe and secured and its role in national Security.

Capacity Building - The Capacity building component of the program shall be managed by the Philippine Public Safety College (PPSC) in coordination with the Patrol "117" and the Local Government Academy (LGA), and with the assistance/support of the interior sector bureaus and their field units and DILG Field Offices. The program shall be composed of two (2) phases:

Orientation Course - The orientation course for the members of the barangay tanod shall be designed by the LGA and shall be undertaken for four (4) Saturdays.

Skills Training - Skills training are needed by the members of the Barangay Tanod to boost their confidence in performing their duties. They shall be equipped with appropriate basic and advance knowledge, attitude and skills. The training of the barangay tanod shall be incorporated in the Barangay Public Safety Plan and the Municipal Integrated Public Safety Plan.

Accreditation- A system of accreditation shall be established. Training and services rendered by the Barangay Tanod members shall be given premium or equivalent credits in any of the following:

Security Guard License - The general orientation course, basic barangay tanod training and equivalent number of years of service will pre-qualify the individual tanod for a Security Guard License (Subject to the approval of the PNP Security Agency and Guard Supervision Division)

Accredited National Service Training Program - The general orientation course, basic barangay tanod training and equivalent number of years of service will pre-qualify the tanod for accreditation as equivalent to ROTC and civic welfare service under R.A. 9163 (subject to CHED's approval)

Conferment of an equivalent CSC eligibility- The general orientation course, basic barangay tanod training, other related training and equivalent number of years of service as tanod will qualify the individual tanod to an equivalent CSC eligibility (subject to CSC's approval)

Alliance Building – Partnership with the government agencies and other private sector shall be established through partnership agreements with associations and institutions engaged in public safety undertakings, martial arts and other related concerns.

Creation of the **Municipal Tanod Federation**- There shall be a creation of a Municipal Tanod Federation who shall serve as the partner of the LGU in the implementation of this ordinance.

Awards System – The LGU shall adopt a system of giving due recognition to extraordinary or commendable accomplishments of a tanod member, individual or a unit, for courageous act, devotion and dedicated service, honesty and loyalty worthy of emulation or whose accomplishment contributed to crime prevention and promotion of public safety.

Monitoring – Municipal Peace and Order Council Secretariat shall submit a periodic report of the implementation, following the monitoring system established by the DILG.

CHAPTER XXVIII

COCKFIGHTING

SECTION 108. It is prohibited for any person to directly or indirectly take part in any prohibited games as defined in Article 195 of the Revised Penal Code.

SECTION 109. Cockfighting in the municipality is allowed in accordance with PD 449. Cockfighting outside the licensed cockpit shall also be governed by PD 449.

SECTION 110 Applicability Clause - The provisions of PD 449, otherwise known as the Cockfighting Law of 1974, PD 1802 (Creating the Philippine Gamefowl Commission), and such other pertinent laws shall apply to all matters regarding the operation of cockpits and the holding of cockfights in this Municipality.

SECTION 111. Regulatory Acts.

- (a) *Holding of cockfights.* Cockfighting shall be allowed in this Municipality only in licensed cockpits during Sundays and legal holidays and during local fiestas for not more than three (3) days. It may also be held during Municipal agricultural, commercial, or industrial fairs, carnival, or exposition for a similar period of three (3) days. No cockfighting on the occasion of such affair, carnival or exposition shall be allowed within the month if a local fiesta or for more than two (2) occasions a year. No cockfighting shall be held on December 30 (Rizal Day), June 12 (Philippine Independence Day), November 30 (Bonifacio Day), Holy Thursday, Good Friday, Election or Referendum Day and during Registration Days for such election or referendum.
- (b) *Cockfighting for entertainment of tourists or for charitable purposes.* Subject to the preceding subsection hereof, the holding of cockfights may also be allowed for the entertainment of foreign dignitaries or for tourists, or for returning Filipinos, commonly known as "Balikbayans", or for the support of national fund-raising campaigns for charitable purposes as may be authorized upon resolution of the Sangguniang Bayan, in licensed cockpits or in playgrounds or parks. This privilege shall be extended for only one (1) time, for a period not exceeding three (3) days, within a year.

CHAPTER XXIX

ILLEGAL DRUGS

SECTION 112. It shall be prohibited for any person to directly or indirectly engage in the proliferation of illegal drugs activities as defined in the Comprehensive Anti-Illegal Drugs Act.

SECTION 113. The barangays are encouraged to strengthen their respective Barangay Anti-Drug Abuse Councils [BADACs].

SECTION 114. The Municipal Anti-Drug Abuse Council shall assist the BADAC in its Drug Clearing Operations.

SECTION 115. The Community Drug Rehabilitation Program [CDRP] shall be strengthened and made functional.

SECTION 116. The Bahay Silangan or Community Rehabilitation Program for Drug Surrenderers [pushers] shall be established.

SECTION 117. In the absence of Bahay Silangan, the LGU shall have a MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT with other LGUs with existing Bahay Silangan.

SECTION 118. There shall be a monetary reward for civilian informants leading to the arrest of drug personalities chargeable against confidential fund.

CHAPTER XXX

ANTI-TRAFFICKING

SECTION 119 - It is the declared policy of the Local Government Unit of Tigbauan to value the dignity of every human person and guarantee full respect of individual rights. Towards this end, the Local Government shall give the highest priority to the enactment of measures and the development of projects, programs and activities that will promote human dignity, protect the people from any threats of violence and exploitation, eliminate trafficking in persons and mitigate pressures for involuntary migration and servitude of persons, not only to support trafficked persons but more importantly, to ensure their recovery, rehabilitation and reintegration into the mainstream society in a manner that is culturally-responsive, gender- and age-appropriate, and disability-inclusive.

SECTION 120. - TIGBAUAN LOCAL COUNCIL ON ANTI-TRAFFICKING AND VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN. There shall be a creation of the Local Council on Anti-Trafficking and Violence Against Women and their Children (LCAT-VAWC) which shall serve as the primary arm of the

Local Government in the implementation of the provisions of this ordinance and shall be composed of the following:

Chairperson:	Municipal Mayor
Co-Chairperson:	SB Chairperson, Committee on Women, Family, Social Services & Indigents
Members:	SB Chairperson, Committee on Peace and Order and Public Safety
	Municipal Planning and Development Officer
	Municipal Social Welfare and Development Officer
	Municipal Health Officer
	Human Resource Management Officer
	Chief of Police and/or Women's Desk Officer
	Municipal Information Officer
	Municipal Local Government Operations Officer
	President, Liga ng mga Barangay
	President, Pambayang Pederasyon ng mga Sangguniang Kabataan
	Local Youth Development Officer
	Business Permits and Licensing Officer
	PESO Manager
	Public Schools District Supervisor
	CSO/NGO Representatives
	Religious & Private Sector Representatives

SECTION 121. ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS DATABASE. The Local Government of Tigbauan through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO) and the Local Council on Anti-Trafficking and Violence Against Women and their Children (LCAT-VAWC) shall monitor and document cases of trafficking in persons within its territorial jurisdiction.

SECTION 122. PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO VICTIM AND SURVIVORS OF TRAFFICKING IN THE MUNICIPALITY. The Local Government Unit shall provide the necessary assistance to victims/survivors of Trafficking in Persons and other forms of Sexual Exploitation. This assistance shall be used for medical, hospital, and/or educational needs and for counseling and social interventions. The Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office shall oversee assessment and recommendation of assistance of the victims/survivors of Trafficking in Persons.

SECTION 123 . INFORMATION CAMPAIGN ON ANTI-TRAFFICKING. The Local Government Unit of Tigbauan shall establish a Migrant Advisory and Information Network (MAIN) Desk & Violence Against Women and their Children (VAWC) Desk to undertake information dissemination campaigns and address issues and concerns on trafficking in persons and violence against women and their children in the municipality.

SECTION 124. INSTITUTIONALIZING OF THE WORLD DAY AGAINST TRAFFICKING. In order to raise awareness of the situation of victims of human trafficking for the promotion and protection of their rights, and the 30th day of July, having been declared as the "World Day Against Anti-Trafficking", activities in observance thereof shall be undertaken in the municipality.

SECTION 125. CONDUCT OF INTENSIVE ADVOCACY CAMPAIGN TO SCHOOLS ON CHILD ABUSE AND EXPLOITATION PREVENTION. In addition to the intensified advocacy program of the Local Government Unit of Tigbauan, the LCAT-VAWC shall undertake the conduct of advocacy campaigns through various media and forums in all public and private schools in the municipality. It shall undertake, in consultation with the Department of Education Schools Division Office, the formulation of age-appropriate and gender sensitive modules, learning materials and production of advocacy materials in various media.

SECTION 126. CANCELLATION OF LICENCES OF ESTABLISHMENTS ENGAGED IN TRAFFICKING ACTIVITIES. The Office of the Municipal Mayor, through the Business Permits and Licensing Office, shall, after due notice and hearings, effect the cancellation of business permits and licenses of establishments on the following grounds:

- a. Upon lawful order of the court;
- b. Upon issuance of permanent closure order by the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) for violation of Republic Act No. 9231 (*An Act Providing the Elimination of the worst forms of Child*

Labor and affording Stronger protection for the working child) in relation to Republic Act No. 9208, as amended;

- c. When the establishment or its owner or any of its staff are involved in trafficking in persons and sexual exploitation and violate the provisions of Republic Act No. 9208, as amended.

SECTION 127. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIC BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS APPLYING FOR A BUSINESS PERMIT. In addition to the usual requirements for the issuance of a business permit, specific business establishments shall undergo an orientation on Anti-Trafficking in Persons prior to the issuance of such permit:

- a. Bars, nightclubs, videoke bars, KTV bars, recruitment agencies and other similar establishments providing adult entertainment applying for new business licenses or applying for renewal shall sign an undertaking that they shall not employ minors and women who are victims of trafficking. They shall require their applicants to submit birth certificates duly authenticated by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) and at least one (1) government issued ID;
- b. The owner, proprietor or manager of boarding houses, pension houses, dormitories and similar establishments applying for business permits and/or licenses shall sign a written undertaking that they shall not engage in any acts which promote trafficking in persons; and
- c. The owner, proprietor or manager of internet cafes, computer rental shops, computer gaming shops or centers applying for new business licenses or applying for renewal shall sign an undertaking that they shall not allow any form of sexual exploitation as defined in the expanded act.

SECTION 128. APPROPRIATION. The Local Government Unit, through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office shall allocate the necessary funds to carry out the provisions of this ordinance.

CHAPTER XXXI

INSURGENCY

SECTION 129. The Municipality shall adopt the Whole-Of-Nation Approach in attaining Inclusive and Sustainable Peace to End Local Communist Armed Conflict [ELCAC].

SECTION 130. The Whole-of-Nation Approach addresses the root causes of local communist armed conflict, internal disturbances and tensions by prioritizing and harmonizing the delivery of basic services and social development packages in accordance with the Municipal Peace Framework.

SECTION 131. There shall be a "Peace Summit" which shall be held once a year to review and update the Municipal Peace Framework.

CHAPTER XXXII

BOMB THREAT PROCEDURES AND CHECKLIST

SECTION 132. Bomb threats often include specific information about the location of the bomb, the threat level, or the presence of suspicious objects. It is important to document as much information as possible about the threat to aid emergency responders and investigators. Observing the caller's voice, accent, and background noises can offer crucial clues. Take notes on the caller's exact words and any unusual characteristics that can help in the investigation.

SECTION 133. Step-by-Step Bomb Threat Procedure

1. If a bomb threat is received by phone:
 - a. Remain calm. Listen carefully. Do not disrupt the caller. Keep the caller on the line for as long as possible. Do not hang up, even if the caller does.
 - b. Try to keep the caller, talking to learn more information. Ask the caller to repeat the message.
 - c. Try to get exact words of the caller and the threat.
 - d. If your phone has a display, record the number and/or letter of incoming call.
 - e. If possible, write a note to a colleague to call the authorities or, as soon as the caller hangs up, immediately notify them yourself.
 - f. Immediately upon terminations of the call, do not hang up, but from a different phone, contact the police with information and await instructions.

2. If a Written (Handwritten, Email, Social Media) Threat is Received:
- a. Save all materials received. Handle note as minimally as possible.
 - b. Do not delete the message.
 - c. Call Tigbauan PNP.

SECTION 134. If a Suspicious package is received:

- 1. Signs of a Suspicious Package:
 - 1.1. a. No return address. Incorrect titles. Unexpected delivery.
 - 1.1. b. Misspelled words. Poorly handwritten.
 - 1.1. c. Foreign postage. Excessive postage,
 - 1.1. d. Strange odor. Strange sounds.
- 2. Handling a Suspicious Packages:
 - 2.1.a. Do not use two-way radios or cellular phones
 - 2.1.b. Do not evacuate the building until police arrive
 - 2.1.c. Do not activate alarm
 - 2.1.d. Do not touch or move a suspicious package.

SECTION 135. Threat evaluation

At the conclusion of the threat, immediately call authorities. Ensure the Bomb Threat Checklist has been completed and provide a copy to the appropriate personnel or emergency services. Security and building occupants should be observant of any suspicious people who appear to be nervous or be carrying a suspicious package. Do not attempt to touch, recover, and apprehend the person or device.

SECTION 136. Evacuation procedure

The appropriate personnel should take charge and control of the emergency by informing everyone in their department to remain in their area until further notice; refrain from calling other employees; and communicate to everyone that authorities have been notified. Decisions will be made to determine if it is safe to evacuate from the building if so, authorities will begin an orderly evacuation and will assemble everyone at an established fathering point.

During an evacuation, it is important to provide clear instructions to all involve individuals on how to proceed safely. Designated supervisors should be responsible for guiding and monitoring the evacuation process. Emphasize the importance of leaving personal belongings behind and not using elevators during evacuation

SECTION 137. Re-occupancy Procedures

Upon notification of an all clear from the PNP, they issue an all clear to everyone and will then be allowed to reoccupy the facility.

SECTION 138. Bomb Threat Checklist

BOMB THREAT CHECKLIST			
DATE:		TIME THREAT RECEIVED:	
TIME:		PHONE NUMBER OF CALL:	
ASK CALLER:			
WHERE IS THE BOMB LOCATED		BUILDING LOCATION	AREA
WHEN WAS TH BOMB PLACED?			
WHEN WILL IT GO OFF?		HOUR:	TIME REMAINING
WHAT KIND OF BOMB IS IT?			
WHAT DOES IT LOOK LIKE?			
WHAT WILL MAKE IT EXPLODE?			
WHAT IS THE REASON FOR THE BOMB?			
WHERE ARE YOU NOW?			
WHAT IS YOUR NAME?			
INFORMATION ABOUT CALLER:			
MALE		FEMALE	APPROXIMATE AGE:
VOICE	SPEECH	BEHAVIOR	BACKGROUND NOISES

HIGH PITCH	FAST	ANGRY	OFFICE MACHINERY
LOW PITCH	SLOW	CALM	FACTORY MACHINERY
DEEP	DISTINCT	NERVOUS	MUSIC
LOUD	DELIBERATE	FEARFUL	QUIET
SOFT	DISTORTED	LAUGHING	NOISE
PLEASANT	STUTTERED	COHERENT	TALKING
ACCENT	MESSAGE READ	IRRATIONAL	TRAINS
RASPY	WELL SPOKEN	EMOTIONAL	PLANES
NASAL	SLURRED	IRRITATED	STREET
LISP	EXCITED	RIGHTEOUS	STATIC
DISGUISED	HESITANT		TELEVISION
			PEOPLE
			ANIMALS

CHAPTER XXXIII
ANTI-MENDICANCY

 **SECTION 139. PURPOSE.** This Ordinance shall be for the following purposes:

- a. Prevent the commission of mendicancy;
- b. Prevent the exploitation of infants and children through mendicancy and provide rehabilitative services for those already exploited or in immediate danger of exploitation;
- c. Establish an integrated development package for minors, mentally-ill adults, disabled persons and indigenous peoples found begging or have become habitual mendicants of the municipality.

 **SECTION 140. SERVICES.** The Integrated Development Package shall include the following:

- a. **PREVENTIVE SERVICES** which shall control and forestall the occurrence of situations identified as contributory to mendicancy and shall be composed of the following:
 - i. Early family intervention;
 - ii. Transfer of positive valued within the family setting;
 - iii. Encourage preschoolers to enroll in the Day Care Center of their barangays;
 - iv. Teach basic values and Christian principles from elementary to high school levels; and
 - v. Strengthen family structure
 - b. **HABILITATIVE SERVICES** which shall provide environmental or socio-economic interventions for the enjoyment of a satisfactory quality of life and formation of desirable values among children and minors and shall be composed of the following:
 - i. Discourage children, minors and young adults to stay late in the streets;
 - ii. Provide programs to out-of-school youths;
 - iii. Develop and organize wholesome activities/programs at the barangay level;
 - iv. Establish a relatively peaceful and progressive municipality;
 - v. Provide access to capital for livelihood endeavors; and
 - vi. Provide access to quality public/private education.
 - c. **INTERCEPTIVE SERVICES AND MEASURES** which shall direct the growth potentials and productive energy of children, youth and adults to offset the effect of factors contributing to mendicancy and shall be composed of the following:
 - i. Access to Skills training;
 - ii. Establish viable livelihood and income-generating activities;
 - iii. Active participation of the people in the municipal government's programs and campaigns;
 - iv. Develop effective programs to regulate and minimize the number of street children;
 - v. Effective monitoring by the authority; and
 - vi. Activities to mobilize and tap the energies of all members of the family.
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- d. **REMEDIAL SERVICES** which shall meet the basic needs and improve living conditions of the mendicant and shall be composed of the following:
- Enhancement of income capacity of the majority of the population;
 - Access to viable economic enterprises and schemes;
 - Matching skills with economic opportunities and placement; and
 - Counseling of apprehended mendicants.
- e. **REHABILITATIVE SERVICES** which shall provide medical, social, educational, psychological and vocational measures to develop and restore the mendicant to the fullest state of well-being or economic usefulness of which he is capable and to be fully integrated back into his community and shall be composed of the following:
- Provide medical rehabilitation in the form of rehabilitation, technical aids, surgery and/or medication;
 - Provide vocational rehabilitation to include skills training and income-generating activities;
 - Provide social and psychological counseling to persons with disability to help him restore his dignity and respect;
 - Provide avenue for participation and involvement with other sectors of society; and
 - Provide access to education to upgrade marketability in the labor market.

SECTION 14| . APPREHENSION FOR PERSONS FOUND BEGGING IN THE MUNICIPALITY.

- Any infant or child 8 years old and below who is found begging or is being utilized by a mendicant for purposes of begging shall be apprehended as a neglected child and shall be committed on a short term basis until the child could be restored to his family, to an appropriate children placement agency or a child center duly recognized and registered with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD);
- Any minor found begging or is being utilized for the purpose of begging and who acted without discernment shall be apprehended as a neglected child and shall be committed to custody and care of a duly registered child center to be provided with an integrated package of interceptive, remedial and rehabilitative services;
- Any minor who is found begging and who acted with discernment shall be apprehended and shall be referred to the appropriate referral system for appropriate assessment and evaluation after which on the basis of its findings to whether commit to an accredited Girls Home/Boys Home or to be returned back to his/her family;
- A mentally-ill person found begging and roaming around the municipality shall be apprehended and shall be referred for confinement and treatment at the registered centers and/or institutions that provide services for mentally-ill patients with proper support and coordination with the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO) & Municipal Health Office (MHO);
- A person with disability found begging and exhibiting his disability to beg for money shall be apprehended and shall be referred to a registered center and/or institutions that provide services for PWDs with close coordination with the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO);
- Any person not otherwise covered in the aforementioned sections who is found begging and who is incapable of gainful occupation shall be provided the integrated package of services by the Local Government Unit and/or partner NGOs participating in the program.

SECTION 142. VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES. A mendicant (excluding the Indigenous Peoples group) should be penalized on the following grounds:

- An adult mendicant who shall be found begging in the streets of the Municipality of Tigbauan twice after services have been given shall be imposed a fine of ₱500.00;
- A mendicant who continues to beg even after having been given rehabilitative services and considered a habitual mendicant shall be imposed a fine of ₱1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a period of not more than six (6) months or both, at the discretion of the court;
- Parents or individuals exploiting infants or minors for the purpose of begging shall be penalized by a fine of ₱2,500.00 or and imprisonment of not exceeding six (6) months or both, at the discretion of the court;
- Any person who encourages or abets mendicancy by giving alms directly to mendicants, exploited infants and minors in the streets, public roads, sidewalks in the municipality shall be imposed a fine of ₱1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a period of 1 day or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 143. REGULATION OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IN THE MUNICIPALITY. Badjaos and other groups of Indigenous Peoples found to be begging in the streets and premises of the municipality or have become habitual mendicants of the municipality shall undergo a referral system to concerned agencies through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO).

SECTION 144. INFORMATION AND ADVOCACY PROGRAM. The Municipal Information Unit under the Office of the Municipal Mayor shall conduct a municipal-wide educational and information program on the provisions of this ordinance to educate the public and prevent the community from giving direct alms to mendicants and encourage the public to donate their money to entities involved in the rehabilitation of these mendicants.

SECTION 145. INTEGRATED NETWORK OF SERVICES. The Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO) shall initiate the establishment of a Referral Network System to invite Rehabilitation Center in the Province to participate in the eradication of mendicants in the municipality and provide integrated development services to apprehend mendicants to restore their human dignity and live a life of respect among their peers in their respective communities.

SECTION 146. ANTI-MENDICANCY TASK FORCE. There shall be a creation of a Local Anti-mendicancy Task Force through an Executive Order issued by the Local Chief Executive which shall serve as the primary arm of the Local Government Unit for the effective implementation of the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 147. IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS. The Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office shall formulate the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this ordinance.

SECTION 148. APPROPRIATION. The Local Government Unit of Tigbauan through the Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office shall allocate the necessary funds to carry out the provisions of this ordinance.

CHAPTER XXXIV

VANDALISM and NUISANCE

SECTION 149. Any person who commit acts of vandalism such as, but not limited to, slashing of seats by means of any bladed instrument, placing chewing gum or any other adhesive and obnoxious substances on the seats, destroying the seats through physical means, destroying comfort room fixtures, and other similar act which shall damage to school, government, or public properties and inconvenience to viewers, site seers, tourists as well as to the lovers of a sanitary ecology and management shall be fined in accordance with this Code.

SECTION 150. It shall be unlawful for any person to deface or cause to be defaced, by painting, writing, scribbling, scrawling, drawing, smearing, coloring, stamping or inscribing the walls, sidings, partitions, fences, gates, doors or window panels of buildings, edifices, houses or structures, whether public or private, lampposts, street signs, sidewalks or other public property, except when done with consent and authority of the owner, with respect to privately-owned property, or when duly authorized by the Mayor, with respect to the public property.

SECTION 151. It shall be prohibited for any person to urinate and cause alarm and scandal in Public Places within the municipality.

SECTION 152. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry about any bladed, pointed or blunt weapon in public place within the municipality.

SECTION 153. Exceptions to Section 68. The provision quoted above shall not apply to law enforcement personnel when in the discharge of their official duties as such and acting under orders requiring them to carry arms and weapon and such bladed, pointed or blunt weapon is being used as necessary tools or equipment to earn a livelihood and while being used in connection therewith.

SECTION 154. It shall be prohibited for a person to make/ possess manufacture/ display an improvised deadly weapon powered by "lighter fluid/ alcohol" popularly known as "buga."

SECTION 155. It shall be unlawful for any person to connect on Municipal Streets lights, public market, public plaza and other public places.

SECTION 156. Regulatory Acts on Stray Animals

- a. It will be unlawful for any person to graze their cattle like cows, carabaos, horses or any hoofed animals like goats, sheep or pigs in any public place within the municipality.
- b. Any animal mentioned above caught by the authorized apprehending officers shall be impounded by the Municipality under the custody of the Municipal Treasurer or the Punong Barangay and shall send notices to the neighboring barangays about said animal/s.

- c. All ranch owners who have ranches in this municipality are required to submit to the chief of police a certified inventory of all large cattle in their respective ranches.

CHAPTER XXXV

SELLING AND BUYING OF POULTRY PRODUCTS, ANIMALS, LIVE FOWLS AND OTHER COMMODITIES IN ANY STREETS OR SIDEWALKS ON THE POBLACION DURING SATURDAYS AND MARKET DAYS

SECTION 157. It shall be unlawful for any person to offer to sell or to buy or to engage in buying and selling of poultry products, animals, live fowls and other commodities during Saturdays and Market days (Sundays) in any street or sidewalks in the Poblacion of the Municipality of Tigbauan, Province of Iloilo except that it shall be done in the Municipality's public market and its premises or surroundings or in the designated areas for market.

CHAPTER XXXVI

REGULATING THE SALE AND CATERING OF ALCOHOLIC DRINKS AND BEVERAGES

SECTION 158. It shall be unlawful for any person or establishment to sell alcoholic drinks and beverages within a radius of two hundred (200) meters from all school premises or other educational institutions, except Tigbauan Public Market and other wholesalers.

SECTION 159. No person shall be allowed to drink beer, alcoholic beverages, wine and other intoxicating liquors at any store, business establishment or open public places within the time from and commencing at 10:00 o'clock in the evening until 8:00 o'clock in the morning. Every owner, operator, manager or employee of a business establishment or store is hereby prohibited to sell cater beer, alcoholic beverages, wine and other intoxicating liquors on the premises of his establishment or store within the same period of time.

SECTION 160. Exemptions.

1. Celebration of the Tigbauan Town Fiesta and other municipal festivals and festivities.
2. On the 24th day of December
3. During legal Holidays both national and local whether working or non-working.

CHAPTER XXXVII

MANUFACTURE, SALE, DISTRIBUTION AND USE OF PNP UNIFORMS, INSIGNIAS AND OTHER ACCOUTREMENTS

SECTION 161. It is the declared policy of the Local Government Unit of Tigbauan to promote peace and order in the municipality and establish a strategy to combat the illegal use and proliferation of counterfeit and sub-standard police items within its territorial jurisdiction.

SECTION 162. SCOPE AND APPLICATION. This Code shall cover the following:

- a. All businesses operating within the territorial jurisdiction of the Municipality of Tigbauan, Iloilo whether in physical, online or in digital platforms engaged in the manufacture, sale, distribution and use of PNP Uniforms, Insignias and other accoutrements;
- b. All enterprises in Municipality of Tigbauan dealing with raw materials for the production of the aforementioned items PNP Uniforms, Insignias and other accoutrements; and
- c. Individuals, group, or organizations in the Municipality of Tigbauan who use PNP Uniforms, Insignias and other accoutrements but not bona fide members of the Philippine National Police.

SECTION 163- REQUIREMENT FOR PNP CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY- All

businesses engaged and dealing with PNP Uniforms, insignias and accoutrements must secure a PNP Certificate of Conformity, which shall be post-permit compliance to all businesses after issuance of business permit.

SECTION 164. PROHIBITION.

- a. Civilians, regardless of age, are strictly prohibited to use genuine or look- alike military and/or PNP uniforms, insignias and accoutrements in plain view or in public.

- b. Wearing of genuine or look-alike BFP, PCG and PAF uniforms, insignias and other accoutrements by civilians or any unauthorized person shall also be prohibited;
- c. Barangay Tanods and members of CSOs or NGOs involved in peacekeeping are also prohibited to wear the same.

SECTION 165. EXEMPTIONS. The following, under the territorial jurisdiction of the Municipality of Tigbauan, are exempted from this ordinance.

- a. Members of the Philippine National Police;
- b. Officials and enlisted personnel of the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP);
- c. ROTC Cadets during their actual training/instruction schedules only; and
- d. CAFGU, Security Guards, and SCAA elements during their actual duties and in their areas of assignment.

SECTION 166. COORDINATION WITH THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL POLICE-For effective implementation of this ordinance, the PNP shall be integrated in the online business permit application system through the BPLO to ensure that all covered establishments engaged in the manufacturing, selling or distribution of PNP uniforms, insignias and other accoutrements that are applying for a business permit shall be evaluated by a dedicated PNP Personnel. The PNP shall submit to the BPLO a Negative List of registered establishments who failed to secure the PNP Certificate of Conformity.

SECTION 167. AUTHORITY TO INSPECT ESTABLISHMENTS- the BPLO and the

MPOC, in coordination with the PNP shall periodically conduct joint inspection of covered business establishments requiring the presentation of its respective PNP Certificates of Conformity.

SECTION 168. ALLIANCE BUILDING- Partnership with the Ligangmga Barangay, Punong Barangays and Civil Society Organizations engaged in public safety shall be established through partnership agreements for effective implementation of this ordinance.

SECTION 169-. CREATION OF THE MUNICIPAL MONITORING TEAM. There shall be a creation of a monitoring team who shall be in-charge in the effective implementation and execution of the provisions of this ordinance which shall be composed of the following:

- a. A member from the Philippine National Police;
- b. MPOC Officers;
- c. BPLO;
- d. MLGOO;
- e. Representative from the Tigbauan People's Council;
- f. LIGA President;

SECTION 170-. FUNCTIONS OF THE MUNICIPAL MONITORING TEAM. The functions of the monitoring shall and not be limited to the following:

- a. Formulate the necessary Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of the Ordinance;
- b. Conduct regular monitoring of business establishments within the territorial jurisdiction of the municipality who are engaged in the manufacturing, selling or distribution of PNP uniforms, insignias and other accoutrements who secured a PNP Certificate of Conformity and who failed to secure the same; and
- c. Perform any other functions as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this ordinance;

CHAPTER XXXVIII

USE, SALE, DISTRIBUTION AND ADVERTISEMENT OF E-CIGARETTES AND OTHER SIMILAR PRODUCTS

SECTION 1711. DECLARATION OF POLICY. It is the declared policy of the Municipality of Tigbauan to protect and promote the right to health of the people, instill health consciousness among them, enact a balanced policy whereby these novel consumer products are properly regulated using internationally accepted product standards in order to protect the citizens from the hazards of regulated, unregulated and substandard vapor products and heated tobacco products.

SECTION 1712. PROHIBITED ACTS. The following acts are declared unlawful and prohibited under this ordinance:

- a. Smoking/vaping within enclosed public places and public conveyances, whether stationary or in motion, except in DSVAs fully compliant with the requirements of Section 4 of Executive Order No. 106 Series of 2020;
- b. For persons-in-charge to allow, abet or tolerate smoking/vaping in places enumerated in the preceding paragraph, outside of DSVAs fully compliant with Section 4 of this Order;
- c. For any person to sell, distribute or purchase tobacco products to or from minors, or ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components to or from persons below twenty-one (21) years old. It shall not be a defense for the person selling, distributing or purchasing that he/she did not know or was not aware of the real age of the person he/she is transacting with. Neither shall it be a defense that he/she did not know nor had any reason to believe that the cigarette or any other tobacco product, ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components, was for the consumption of the person who received it;
- d. Use, sale or purchase of cigarettes or other tobacco products by a minor, or of ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components by a person below twenty-one (21) years old;
- e. Ordering, instructing or compelling the use, lighting up, purchase, sale, distribution, delivery, advertisement or promotion of tobacco products by a minor, or of ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components by a person below twenty-one (21) years old;
- f. Selling or distributing tobacco products, ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components in a school, public playground, youth hostels, recreational facilities for minors, areas frequented by minors, or within 100 meters from any point of the perimeter of these places;
- g. Placing, posting, displaying or distributing advertisement and promotional materials of tobacco products, ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components, such as but not limited to leaflets, posters, display structures and other materials in areas where their sale and distribution is prohibited;
- h. Placing any form of advertisement of tobacco products, ENDS/ ENNDS, HTPs, or their components outside the premises of point-of-sale retail establishments;
- i. Placing any stall, booth, and other displays promoting tobacco products, ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, or their components, in areas outside the premises of point-of-sale locations or adult-only facilities;
- j. Failure to mark containers and packages of ENDS/ENNDS, HTPs, and the components thereof, with appropriate health warnings, pursuant to the content, format and specifications designated by the Food and Drugs Administration (FDA), based on the actual ingredients or components of the product;
- k. Incorporating e-liquids, solutions and refills with flavors and additives that are proven or suspected to be appealing or enticing to persons below twenty-one (21) years of age, toxic, harmful, addictive or sensitizing; and
- l. Adding "*Tetrahydrocannabinol*" (THC) or cannabinoid compounds in liquids used in ENDS/ENNDS and HTPs. Violation of this provision shall be punishable in accordance with the applicable penalties provided under Republic Act No. 9165 or the "*Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002*."

SECTION 1713. DESIGNATED SMOKING/VAPING AREA (DSVA). All DSVAs shall strictly comply with the following standards:

- a. There shall be no opening that will allow air to escape from the DSVA to the smoke/vape-free area of the building or conveyance, except for a single door equipped with an automatic door closer; provided that, if the DSVA is not located in an open space, such door shall open directly towards a Buffer Zone as defined under Executive Order No. 106 Series of 2020;
- b. The DSVA shall not be located in or within ten (10) meters from entrances, exits, or any place where people pass or congregate, or in front of air intake ducts;
- c. The combined area of the DSVA and the Buffer Zone shall not be larger than 20% of the total floor area of the building or conveyance, provided that in no case shall such area be less than ten (10) square meters;
- d. No building or conveyance shall have more than one DSVA; provided that persons-in-charge have the option of establishing one Designated Smoking Area and one Designated Vaping Area therein, subject to the same standards under this Section, with a combined area not exceeding 20% of the total floor area of the building or conveyance;
- e. The ventilation system for the DSVA other than in an open space and for the Buffer Zone shall be independent of air ventilation systems servicing the rest of the building or conveyance;
- f. Minors shall not be allowed inside the DSVA and the Buffer Zone;
- g. The DSVA shall have the following signages highly visible and prominently displayed:
 - i. Smoking/Vaping Area signage;

- ii. Graphic health warnings on the effects of using tobacco products, ENDS/ENNDS and HTPs; and
- iii. Prohibition on the entry of persons below eighteen (18) years old.
- h. Other standards and specifications to better ensure a smoke/vape-free environment as may be prescribed by the Inter-agency committee- tobacco (IAC-T) under Republic Act No. 9211 (Tobacco Regulation Act of 2003) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), provided that such standards and specifications are consistent with Executive Order No. 106 Series of 2020 and that persons-in-charge are given (60) days to comply.

SECTION 174. PUBLIC PLACES. Electronic Cigarettes (E-Cigarettes), Vaporized Nicotine and Non-Nicotine Products, Novel Tobacco Products and Other Similar Products shall be absolutely prohibited in the following public places:

- a. Centers of youth activity such as play schools, preparatory schools, elementary schools, high schools, colleges and universities, youth hostels and recreational facilities for minors;
- b. Elevators and stairwells;
- c. Locations in which fire hazards are present, including gas stations and storage areas for flammable liquids, gas explosives or combustible materials;
- d. Within the buildings and premises of public and private hospitals, medical, dental and optical clinics, health centers, nursing homes, dispensaries and laboratories;
- e. Public conveyances and public facilities including airport and ship terminals and train and bus stations, restaurants and conference halls;
- f. Food preparation areas;
- g. Churches and other similar places where people congregate for worship; and
- h. Within the building and premises of government offices.

SECTION 175. PROOF-OF-AGE VERIFICATION. Retailers shall ensure that no individual below eighteen (18) years of age is allowed to purchase Electronic Cigarettes (E-Cigarettes), Vaporized Nicotine and Non-Nicotine Products, Novel Tobacco Products and other similar products. It shall be the responsibility of retailers to verify the age of buyers. For this purpose, the presentation of any valid government-issued identification card exhibiting the buyer's photograph and age or date of birth shall be required.

SECTION 176. DISPLAY OF PRODUCTS. Electronic Cigarettes (E-Cigarettes), Vaporized Nicotine and Non-Nicotine Products, Novel Tobacco Products and Other Similar Tobacco Products shall not be displayed immediately next to products of particular interest to minors.

SECTION 177. SMOKING AND VAPING RESTRICTION AWARENESS CAMPAIGN. Subject to the provisions of this ordinance, the LGU, in coordination with other concerned agencies, may undertake smoking and vaping restriction awareness campaigns on the harmful effects of smoking and vaping, which may include information drives and posting of warning sign images in public. As part of the whole-of-society approach for a genuine smoke- and vape-free environment, the private sector shall also be encouraged to undertake restriction awareness campaigns on smoking and vaping, including, but not limited to, censoring and not supporting advertisements promoting smoking and vaping.

SECTION 178. PRODUCT STANDARD REQUIREMENTS. The technical standards set forth by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the Food and Drugs Administration (FDA) shall be complied for safety, consistency, and quality of the products requiring registration.

SECTION 179. RESTRICTION ON THE RETAIL AND SALE OF NICOTINE SHOTS. The retail or use of nicotine shots and/or concentrates in the municipality shall be strictly prohibited.

CHAPTER XXXIX

COMPUTER GAMES AND OTHER AMUSEMENT DEVICES

SECTION 180. Regulated Acts.

- 1) No operator/owner shall be allowed to operate computer shops and other amusement devices without securing the Business Mayor's Permit.
- 2) No operator/owner shall allow minors student or pupil to play during class hours.
- 3) All owners/operators shall post a clear, visible sign indicating "MINOR STUDENTS/PUPILS ARE NOT ALLOWED TO PLAY DURING CLASS HOURS" in a conspicuous place of the establishment.
- 4) No computer and other amusement devices shall be allowed to operate within Fifty (50) meter radius from schools and churches.
- 5) Viewing or surfing of pornographic materials are strictly prohibited.

CHAPTER XL
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 181. Penalties. Violation of any provision of this Code shall be imposed a fine not exceeding Two Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P2,500.00) or an imprisonment for a period not exceeding six (6) months or both at the discretion of proper authorities.

SECTION 182. FUNDING. Initial funding necessary for the implementation of the provisions and purposes of this Code is hereby appropriated from any available sources in the General Fund of the municipality subject to the existing laws, rules, and issuances..

SECTION 183. Separability Clause. In the event that any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or word of this Code is declared invalid for any reason, other provisions thereof shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 184. Repealing Clause. All ordinances, as well as pertinent rules and regulations thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Code are hereby repealed or amended accordingly.

SECTION 185. SELF-IMPLEMENTATION CLAUSE. Any provisions of this Code that is considered self-implementing shall be implemented even without the presence of the implementing rules and regulations (IRR) by the concerned task force or committee.

SECTION 186. Sunset Review. The Sanggunian is mandated to review the provisions of this Code for amendment or revision every five years.

SECTION 187. Effectivity. This Code shall be deemed effective upon approval and compliance with mandatory publication or posting.

CERTIFIED CORRECT:


MARLENE TAYO-NAVA
SB Secretary

ATTESTED:


MARLON R. TERUÑEZ
SB Member & Temp. Presiding Officer

APPROVED:


ATTY. VIRGILIO T. TERUEL
Municipal Mayor
JAN 26 2026
(Date signed)



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Sangguniang Bayan Tigbauan

*"Public Office is a Public Trust.
Public Officials must at all times be accountable to the people"*

HON. LUGEN T. ORTILANO, *Municipal Vice Mayor*

SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS

HON. PINKY ATADERO-JARINA, *MD Pediatrician*
HON. GENE ROSE C. CANAYA, *Lawyer*
HON. ADRIAN S. CAMPOSAGRADO, *MPG*
HON. JOEL L. SAYSON

HON. MARLON R. TERUÑEZ, *PhD*
HON. NORA ROSE TAMONAN-TUBIANO
HON. REYNALDO E. TUMABOTABO
HON. NORBERTO T. TURALBA

HON. LORNA T. DOMINGO, *LnB President*
HON. JULIANA MARIE T. JULATON, *SKMF President*

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